

STOP THE THREAT OF A NEW WAR! HANDS OFF CHINA!

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

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Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

WE see in the society columns of the newspapers that Mrs. E. Morris de Peyster has purchased the Crossways "formerly the villa of the late Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish and is occupying it this season." This is at Newport. Mrs. de Peyster is pictured under a sunshade and with a troubled look on her countenance. No doubt the poor devil is worrying over the trials and tribulations of her next "at home." Supposing the bootlegger fools her on the gin!

ANOTHER intriguing bit of information for the hard-working stenographer is the reported marriage of Florence Gibb Pratt, daughter of two more Pratts, who was married in St. James's Episcopal Church. The couple will reside in Cheshire, England. The bride did not carry a bouquet, but instead a white prayer book. How perfectly pious! What the attendants wore and where they wore it was minutely described in the society columns. As if it mattered a damn!

CAN you imagine something like this appearing in the society columns? "Miss Mary Felteloot, daughter of Mr. Moses Felteloot, well known rabbit-worker of Chrystie Street was joined in wedlock yesterday to Mr. Isaac Patrick Muldoon, son of Mr. Barney Muldoon, hockcarrier of 481 West 46th Street by Rabbi Scholem O'Keefe. After the services, the happy couple subways to the Roxy theatre where they enjoyed "Thy Neighbor's Wife." Mr. and Mrs. Muldoon will live on the east side after they have made the proper connection with an installment furniture house." You can imagine reading this in a capitalist paper, but that's about as far as you will get. Another reason why you should read THE DAILY WORKER for all the news that's not fit to print anywhere else.

THERE is something bookish in the atmosphere around Washington Square. One who has read the American Mercury, the New Masses and our Saturday supplement, and who therefore knows a thing or two about the world he lives in, cannot help being pitched into a ruminating mood as he looks at the quaint houses where now-famous writers, once spent their days in tribulation and indignance. And as if sensing the psychological effect of the environment on the book-loving pedestrian a number of go-getters have opened bookstores in the vicinity. This is a typically American trait. Regardless of what Sinclair Lewis said about Babbitt he knows his business. Of course Babbitts do not run radical bookstores.

HAVING become more or less responsible for the success of the Jimmie Higgins Book Store, I must announce that he has moved his wares from 127 to 106 University Place. This Jimmie is an elusive fellow. No matter how often you call on him you will be told that he is out. His assistant would give you the impression that he is always in need of money, and as a branch of a nationally known pawn shop is close at hand, you will be told that Jimmie is there trying to borrow money.

BE that as it may, he has a splendid staff in charge of the store, pleasant to the eye as well as to the ear. A nice place to spend a few hours examining the latest books. And it is very seldom that anybody will ask you if you need assistance which is another way of saying that if you have no money you will not be insulted by a suggestion that this is a bookstore and not a zoo. Yet I am told that Jimmie sells a lot of books.

smallest dog and the largest that I have seen anywhere a circus stood outside the door up-town store a few evenings ago the dog was so small I first I thought it was a discarded ham cone. But my curiosity was piqued by a piece of string that from the tiny thing on the sidewalk to a hand that seemed to be away up in the air. The flunkie that held the string in his hand was uniformed and he stood at attention as if the slightest sign of canine displeasure would mean his economic doom. Shortly, a stout lady with a girny countenance came forth, picked up the dog and implanted three resounding smacks on its nose. She entered a limousine, and biting the pup's ears she was driven away by a uniformed chauffeur, the flunkie sitting beside him.

WHAT has happened to the "revolutions" that were breaking out all over the Soviet Union like rash on an excema victim? Has Lindbergh (Continued on Page Four)

SACCO, VANZETTI EMERGENCY MEET TOMORROW NIGHT

Third Labor Conference at Labor Temple

The third conference of the Sacco-Vanzetti Emergency Committee will be held at the Labor Temple, 244 East 14th St., tomorrow night at 8 o'clock.

The conference will discuss preparations for immediate demonstrations to be held in New York. All labor unions and fraternal organizations who have not already appointed delegates to the conference are urged to do so at once.

Heighten Agitation. The campaign for the liberation of Sacco and Vanzetti, slightly abated during the private hearings conducted by Governor Alvan Fuller of Massachusetts, is again being resumed with increased intensity.

Realizing also that the advisory committee appointed by the governor after insistent demands had been made is a star chamber committee and is making no attempt to hear the facts of the defense, the International Labor Defense has called for the immediate resumption of agitation on behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti on a nation-wide scale.

Deep Apprehension. With the week of July 10, the date set for the execution of the two framed-up Italian workers approaching, deep fear is being felt by those who have been leading the campaign for their liberation.

The L. D. has announced from its national headquarters in Chicago that new petitions with signatures reaching into the hundreds of thousands will be gathered and forwarded to the governor.

The week from June 27 to July 4 has been set aside as Sacco-Vanzetti Week, and the campaign will reach its height on July 4, Independence Day, with protest meetings throughout the United States.

Roscoe Pound Hits Prosecutors. OBERLIN, Ohio, June 22.—Dean Roscoe Pound of Harvard Law School, in a commencement speech here, criticized severely the tactics used by the prosecution in convicting Sacco and Vanzetti, and said that "the execution of these two obscure men is demanded regardless of their guilt or innocence on the ground that it is essential for the preservation of a stable society."

KLAN INFLUENCE WORKED TO KILL JEWISH PATIENTS

N. Y. Hospital Anti-Semites Sabotage

How the Ku Klux Klan element of the Kings County Hospital of Brooklyn mistreated Jewish patients of that institution is now coming to light as a result of the hazing of three internes there last Monday.

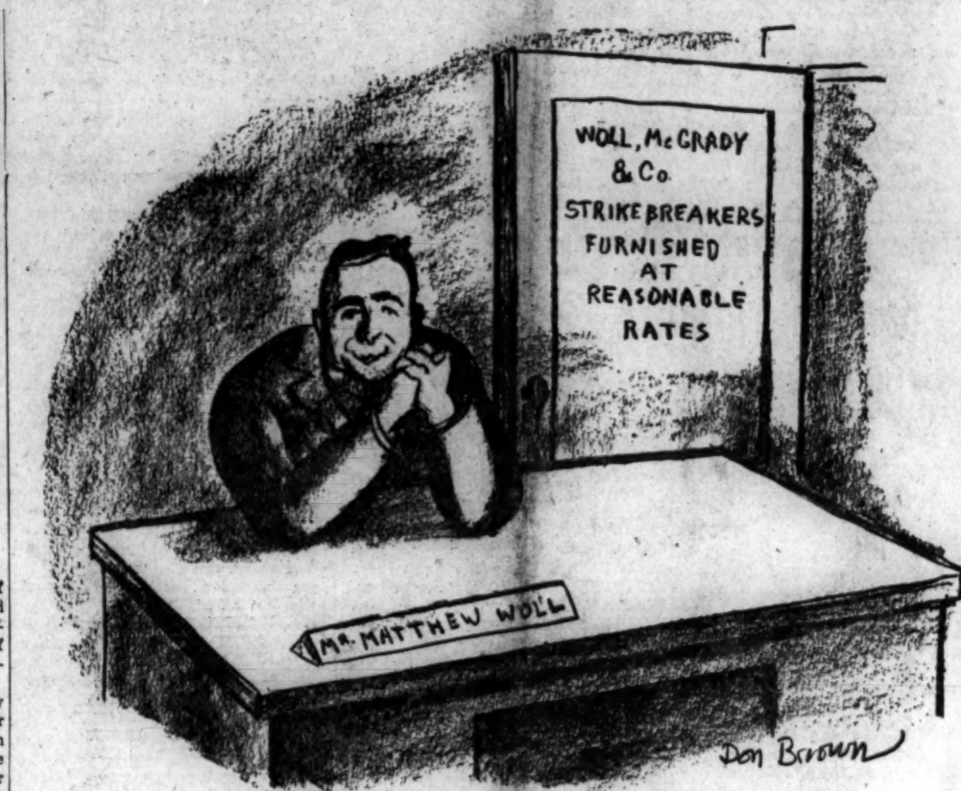
A Jewish woman of Brooklyn, former patient of the hospital will be one of a number of persons who have had dealings with the hospital to appear before the mayor. She will relate how she was left unattended for five hours, and how the interne who was in charge of the ambulance in which she was taken to the hospital called out with profane contempt, "Here's another Jew!"

Nathan H. Sweedler, council for the three Jewish internes, yesterday related how the nurses who worked with the internes refused to cooperate with them.

He said nurses were lax in wards in which Jewish internes had been assigned and not only insulted the internes but refused to carry out their orders, particularly if they concerned Jewish patients. And Jewish patients, Sweedler added, were insulted by nurses.

Sweedler charged openly that the Ku Klux Klan is directly responsible for the actions of the doctors and nurses at the hospital.

Workers Lose Eyes "Hundreds if not thousands of eyes, and millions of dollars are still lost annually because of the eye hazards of industrial occupations," says the National Committee for the Prevention of Blindness in a news release urging adequate safety measures and education.



Rally to the Defense of the Soviet Union!

DEADLOCK STILL GRIPS DELEGATES OF THREE POWERS

Senators Sceptical of Geneva Results

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Early collapse of the Geneva arms conference unless Great Britain accepts the limitations for warships suggested by the United States is confidently expected in high official quarters here.

Whether the British will give under pressure or the threat from the United States to launch a building program is in doubt, officials declare. The impression is that they will not, or that if they do decide to make some minor concessions, these will be still so far from the American view as to be unacceptable.

GENEVA, June 22.—The tripartite conference on limitation of naval armaments continues its deadlock. The disagreements between Britain and the United States on the first day are standing out in sharper relief than ever, after the delegations have had time carefully to analyze the real import of the various proposals.

It resembles more nearly a council of war than an effort toward peace. "Experts" in Hot Debate

Spirited debate broke out in the experts' committee of the tripartite naval disarmament conference this afternoon over the question of conversion of merchant ships into auxiliary cruisers.

Sir Frederick Field, British expert, ridiculed the idea that British merchant vessels could be converted into valuable wartime auxiliary cruisers.

Admiral Jones Asails British. "A merchant liner equipped with six inch guns can be made just as dangerous, if not more dangerous, than a cruiser," interjected Admiral Jones, U. S. N.

"Cruisers below a certain tonnage have armor plate just as fragile as the 'eggshell' hull of a liner."

"When you start reducing the tonnage of cruisers you rapidly reduce the thickness of their armorplate."

Japan Refuses U. S. Terms. Hugh Gibson, head of the American delegation, called upon Admiral Saito, head of the Japanese delegation today and it is known that Saito reiterated Japan's refusal even to consider the extension of the 5-5-3 London conference ratio to include cruisers, destroyers and submarines.

It is understood that Saito stated he was prepared to make other concessions.

Senators All Sceptical. WASHINGTON, June 22.—If the American delegation at the Geneva naval conference returns with a treaty that prescribes anything less

(Continued on Page Two)

Declaration of the Central Executive Committee of the Workers (Communist) Party of America

The stage is all set for a new world war. All of our warnings of the past two months are being verified. Step by step Great Britain has driven ahead towards the cementing of a united imperialist front against the Soviet Union.

The Coolidge government has shown by its actions that it is participating in this united front. The war danger grows daily, and at the rate that the situation is sharpening, the summer of 1927 gives promise of eclipsing the summer of 1914.

During the last few weeks, the attack against the Soviet Union has sharpened immeasurably while the acts of aggression against the Chinese Revolution have continued unabated.

The propaganda mills of the capitalist press are working overtime, as are the aeroplane factories and the poison gas and chemical warfare factories. The campaign of slander and hatred against the Soviet Union initiated by Great Britain, and energetically backed by the United States, has culminated in the brutal murder of Volokoff, the Minister of the Soviet Union to Poland. The real responsibility for this murder rests upon the international band of imperialist assassins that are attempting to plunge the world into a new war. The raid on the Peking embassy of the Soviet Union, the raid on Arcos, the lying stories circulated to the press of the entire world, the provocative speech of Ambassador Herrick on Decoration Day, the deliberate financing of bands of terrorists and spies by Britain and the United States, these are responsible for the Volokoff murder, greeted with approbation by the anti-Soviet Press of England and the United States. Poland was secretly encouraged to add insult to injury by a light sentence to the self confessed murderer, and a provocative note of reply to the complaint of the Soviet Union.

The very conferences which the imperialists pretend to call to maintain peace in the world have been systematically used to further the plans for war. At Geneva, during the past week, the government of Great Britain has approached each of the powers with a demand that they join with it in a common war against the Chinese people and the people of the Soviet Union. Chamberlain openly requested from the German government permission to march troops over Germany to attack Russia when the war begins.

In China, the Coolidge government has openly accepted the place of leadership in this plot against world peace and against Chinese people which the Tory government of Great Britain has attempted to thrust upon it. It did this at Nanking, where American battleships opened fire on an unfortified city. It did this in the identical Five Power note where our State Department joined with the Governments of other countries in an impudent demand for a money indemnity from the Nanking massacres perpetrated by our battleships and those of Great Britain. Now our government has moved marines northward of Tientsin, taking the leadership in this new attack of aggression against the Chinese Revolution.

In the Orient, where 175 battleships and tens of thousands of troops of eight powers have assembled in Chitau (Continued on Page Two)

Workers Party General Membership Meeting to Be Held This Evening

A membership meeting of the Workers (Communist) Party will be held tonight, 8 p. m. at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth St.

The order of business will be a report and discussion on the situation in the country in general and New York in particular. The attack on the unions, the left wing and the party will be taken up.

Admission by membership books only. The District Executive Committee calls upon all party members to be present.

I. R. T. WORKERS RESENT COLEMAN "PEACE" TACTICS

Discontent Is Growing Among Sub Workers

Without invitation and on their own initiative Hugh Frayne, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, and Patrick J. Shea and James H. Coleman, officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees visited Samuel Untermyer, special council for the transit commission, at his office on Tuesday and assured him that there was not the slightest foundation for rumors of an impending strike on the Interborough or any of the other subway or elevated lines.

This visit was prompted by widespread discontent becoming manifest among the slaves of the traction system on account of Untermyer proving before the commission that the Interborough management compels all its employees to belong to its scab company union. This was interpreted by some as incitement to a strike for a genuine union, although it is well known that Untermyer had no such intentions when he attacked the "labor policy" of the traction magnates.

Public Incensed at Lines. In order to gouge dividends out of the watered stock of the traction lines the wages of workers have been (Continued on Page Five)

SAY GOVERNOR SMITH PROMISED TO BREAK FUR STRIKE; TOLD MATTHEW WOLL MASS ARRESTS WOULD DO IT

Chief Executive of New York State Offers Aid of Tammany to Union Smashers

Police "Justice" Exposed When Authorities Try to Shield Right Wing Gangster

That Governor Al. Smith is responsible for the wholesale arrests of the fur pickets in the present strike is a rumor that gained circulation in Tammany Hall circles yesterday.

It is said that Smith has reached an understanding with Matthew Woll, who is the American Federation of Labor spokesman in the needle trades disruption campaign, by which the governor has promised to see to it that the strike is broken. It is alleged that Smith gave Woll a promise of the full support of Tammany Hall in this move.

Some Evidence.

Pointing to the conclusion that Governor Smith is directly back of the unusual police severity and the policy of mass arrests in the furriers' strike is an incident two days ago in the trial court where fur workers appear daily as a result of these arrests. Two policemen admitted under a fire of cross questioning by defense counsel that they had orders to arrest whenever they found more than twelve striking fur workers on a block.

Who Is Boss?

It is known that the captain of the Thirtieth St. police station in charge would never dare to issue such drastic and illegal commands unless he had been given clear authority to do so by his superiors. It was also brot out in the last Central Trades and Labor Council meeting that Police Commissioner Warren was not acting as viciously against the pickets as the Matthew Woll, anti-left wing A. F. L. committee expected. Question: who gave the orders, if not a higher than Warren? And who is the big boss, if not Governor Smith?

But this is only one of the bits of evidence, all pointing to the man who is determined to remain popular enough to run for president and solid enough with the monied interests to get campaign funds, and who would therefore do his strike-breaking quietly.

Another striking example of how the police are attempting to shield the right wing gangsters, was given yesterday when the police released Willie Rosenfeld, a foreman, after he had painfully cut the face and body of

FENG PLANS THREE-FOLD DRIVE ON PEKING; TROOPS PUSH INTO CHIHLI

Anti-Japanese Boycott Looms; Losovsky Greet Opening of Trade Union Congress

PEKING, June 22.—Reports from Hsuechow state that General Chiang Kai-shek has agreed to operate under General Feng Yu-hsiang in a triple offensive against Peking. The offensive will be along the Tsinan Fu, Kinhan and Lunghai railway lines.

(According to persistent reports the Nationalists may form a temporary military alliance with Chiang Kai-shek in order to hasten the capture of Peking. For Chiang Kai-shek there is no way out of an alliance with the Nationalists except immediate annihilation. He faces financial difficulties, popular discontent and an open revolt of his troops. Many of his soldiers have openly deserted him for the Nationalists.)

Nationalists Advance.

HANKOW, June 22.—Reports from Chengchow state that Nationalist troops continue to cross the Yellow River and cross into Chihli Province.

Report Tsungtao Fall.

SHANGHAI, June 22.—Chiang Kai-shek's troops have occupied Tsing-tao on the Kiachow Bay in Shantung Province, according to reports published in vernacular newspapers controlled by Chiang.

(Tsin-tao was German leased territory, acquired after the war by Japan. Japan was compelled to relinquish it in 1922.)

(Japanese troops have been concentrating in Shantung despite protests from organizations thruout China. Reports from Shanghai state that a move is under way to organize an anti-Japanese boycott as a result of the dispatch of Japanese troops to Tsing-tao.)

WASHINGTON, June 22.—A summary of the mandate issued by Chang Tso-lin, Manchurian war lord, upon appointing himself nominal as well as actual head of the Peking "government" has been forwarded here by John V. A. MacMurray, minister to China. The mandate makes Chang complete dictator.

Anita Whitney Sends \$50 To The Daily Worker To Show Approval; Give Aid

Charlotte Whitney held under the Criminal Syndicalist Law who has just been pardoned by the governor of California has sent \$50 to THE DAILY WORKER, which money will go towards the appeal fund.

Here is a woman who, when she was facing a long prison sentence thought immediately of that brave organ which was to continue the fight for the principle for which she stood while she was in jail. She realized fully the tremendous power and influence of the paper in propagating the cause for which she is fighting.

Comrades, our cause is not yet won, the defendants are only temporarily out of jail. A conviction and a heavy fine still stands against the paper. We must not leave THE DAILY WORKER in the lurch in its case after we did such splendid work for many weeks.

On guard, Comrades, stand fast until victory is obtained!

Paul Goodman, a worker loyal to the Joint Board.

Goodman had previously worked for A. Weickstein, 333 Seventh Ave., where Rosenfeld is a foreman. Leaving that shop recently, Goodman got work elsewhere. At noon time yesterday, Rosenfeld went to the shop where Goodman is now working and cut him up. They were both arrested. (Continued on Page Two)

WARDEN SAYS HE WILL STARVE KANSAS CONVICTS

Hunger Revolt Treated With Still More Hunger

LANING, Kansas, June 22.—"Let them starve," is the callous sentence passed on convicts driven to revolt in Kansas' prison mine. "We had just such a mutiny here last year," says Warden Hudspeth, "and the convicts threatened to eat the warden if they did not get better food." Warden Hudspeth is used to having his shot-gun-guarded miners use the last desperate measure of a cornered man and barricade themselves in their underground workhouse.

Will Kill Them.

The men can't get out, and if they don't surrender they can die, and that's all he cares about it. He states flatly that the convicts will not be made any better, indeed, the prisoners will be lucky if they are not made worse. The only reason he does not cut off the water is because some guards are held below, prisoners of the prisoners. Lights are cut off.

Kansas' prison is like all others, a nest of petty graft, and a place in which the food becomes unbearable in the summer. The present hunger revolution among its inmates came about when some of the men asked that Kansas' new law legalizing cigarettes be applied to prisoners, as it is in many other state prisons.

Tired of Bad Food.

They that the use of a little cheap tobacco would break the deadly monotony of contracted prison fare—but the warden told that the full penalty of puritanism, however rejected by the present generation in Kansas would make the convicts better, or kill them, one or the other; he refused the cigarettes, and the "mutiny," scarcely more than a hunger strike, took place at once.

Simultaneously with the outbreak of desperation below, and the warden's calm decision to starve all his 328 miners into submission, extreme measures of repression were undertaken against all sympathizers above ground. A fanciful "plot" to set fire to the mine was "discovered" by guards and dozens of men beaten up with clubs, one shot, and others confined to their cells. The most outspoken of those known to have complained about the food are in solitary dark cells.

Meanwhile the newspapers are praising the hard-boiled governor and discussing the "unreasonableness" of the convicts in expecting cigarettes as that was their only grievance.

Protest Cal's Unfair, Unsportsmanlike Ways Of Snagging the Trout

RAPID CITY, S. D., June 22.—In behalf of the Isaac Walton League of America, Edward G. Taylor of Chicago today lodged a protest at the executive offices here against President Coolidge's use of barred hooks and worms as trout bait.

Taylor called such fishing "slaughter" and urged "in the name of good sportsmanship" that the president use barbless hooks so that those fish which he could not catch could be thrown back into the stream. "The only excuse for a man to use worms would be if he was starving," Taylor said.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

THE LEFT WING IN THE GARMENT UNIONS

By Margaret Larkin.

A new pamphlet of interest to every militantly in or out of the trade unions.

Giving the history of the valiant struggle in the needle trades—briefly and clearly. Issued by the Joint Board of the Cloak, Skirt, Dress and Reeler Makers' Unions.

10 CENTS.

On American Labor read also:

THE THREAT TO THE LABOR MOVEMENT	By Wm. F. Dunne	8.15
LABOR LIEUTENANTS OF AMERICAN IMPERIALISM	By Jay Lovestone	8.15
LEFT WING UNIONISM	By David J. Saposs	8.15
THE WOMAN WORKER AND THE TRADE UNIONS	By Theresa Wolfson	8.15
THE AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MOTHER JONES		8.15

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Mayor Walker Wins Big Fascist Honor; Told It Is for "Achievements"

The fascisti have made another convert.

Mayor "Jimmy" Walker who knows cabarets, the latest song hits, and the art of rapid speech-making more expertly than any other municipal chief in the United States is the latest recruit.

He has just been made a "Commandatore of the Order of Saints Maurice and Lazarus," the decoration being made by order of Mussolini and the figurehead king of Italy, Victor Emanuel.

The Italian ambassador came all the way from Washington to tie a green ribbon about the neck of the mayor. On the ribbon was suspended the insignia of the order, a golden crown with a blue and white cross.

In making the presentation the ambassador told Walker that "it was a special recognition of outstanding achievement."

Other New Yorkers who have won fascist honors are Elbert H. Gary, Otto Kahn, and Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University.

Deadlock Still Grips 3 Power Conference

(Continued from Page One) The absolute equality between the British and American navies, ship for ship and class for class, such a treaty is foredoomed to death from non-ratification by the United States Senate.

A canvas of senatorial opinion made this certain today. Without regard for party considerations, Democrats and Republicans alike declared that the basic principle of Anglo-American naval parity had been definitely fixed at the Washington arms conference in 1921, and that it will not be sacrificed at Geneva.

The unity of senatorial opinion on this point assures support for the state department in the rejection of the British and Japanese programs at Geneva. The British program of "tinkering" with the Washington treaty and lowering the tonnage and armament on cruisers would relegate the American navy to a position of decided inferiority, while the Japanese proposal of a naval building holiday would leave the United States in third position among the navies of the world insofar as cruisers are concerned.

Turkish President to Visit Constantinople, Boycotted Since 1919

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 22.—Speculation is rife here as to the political import of the expected visit of Kemal Pasha, President of the Turkish Republic, to the old capital of the Sultans and the Caliphs. This visit of Kemal to Constantinople, which is a hot-bed of anti-Republican intrigue, after an absence of eight years, is regarded as a possible challenge to the reactionary elements in the coming Parliamentary elections.

It is timed to take place while the foreign Embassies are out of the city for the summer season, and is to be a strictly unofficial character. Republican Turkey has not forgiven the allies for their attempt to throttle the young Republic at birth, and the fact that they still sabotage Ankara, the capital of the Republic, retaining their Embassies in the old capital, is keenly resented.

It is notable that Soviet Russia is the only foreign power which has established its Embassy at Ankara, and extended its hearty friendship to the Republic.

Nothing For Flood Victims. WASHINGTON, June 22.—The government's surplus at the end of the fiscal year on June 30—will be approximately \$691,000,000, slightly higher than the previous estimates, the treasury announced today. Tax collections for the year will total \$2,246,419,000, about \$264,830,000 above last year. Collections for this month will reach \$495,760,000, exceeding June of last year by \$52,400,000. But Coolidge refuses to call a session of congress for flood relief.

Rule Scott Had Unfair Trial. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 22.—Russell Scott again dodged the noose when the state supreme court today granted his plea for a reversal of the verdict of the Cook County criminal court which held him sane and sentenced him to hang for the slaying of Joseph Maurer, Chicago drug clerk.

The reversal states that he did not have a fair trial.

Imaginative Cook About Out. FORT WORTH, Tex., June 22.—Formal appeal action in the case of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, recently denied probation in the U. S. Circuit Court at New Orleans, will be taken before the United States Supreme Court within a few days, H. C. Wade, Cook's attorney, announced here today.

Dr. Cook, "Discoverer of the North Pole," is serving a 14-year term in Leavenworth Federal Prison in connection with oil promotion schemes. He had obtained a "probationary parole" from Federal Judge Thomas C. Wilson here and the government won an appeal to the Circuit Court.

RALLY TO THE DEFENSE OF THE SOVIET UNION! URGES THE WORKERS (COMMUNIST) PARTY

(Continued from Page One)

nese waters, against the will of the Chinese people, the war is actually on, without an official declaration of war. In Europe, the attack against the Soviet Union is being openly prepared. Only one thing can stop the world from being plunged into this new and more terrible blood-bath before the summer is over, and that is—the united action of the workers and farmers of our country and of the entire world.

In all our land there is not one worker or one farmer who has anything to gain by this new war. In the whole mass of our people, there is not one who has any quarrel with the people of the Soviet Union or with the people of China. Only a handful of Wall Street bankers and their militarist tools are interested in driving our country into such a war. Through the land, the masses of the American people have begun to register their protest in Hands Off China meetings, and in Anti-War meetings. Spontaneous Anti-War Committees and Hands Off China Committees have sprung up in every industrial and rural center of the country.

The workers and farmers of the United States must rally behind these movements; must broaden them and unite them into a mighty protest movement which says to our government: "We demand the withdrawal of our battleships and marines from China!"

"We demand the recognition of the Peoples' National Government of Hankow!"

"We demand the recognition of the Soviet Union!"

"We want no war!"

FIND 'SACCO CAP' IS PROSECUTION FAKED EVIDENCE

Link in Frame-up Chain Inserted as Afterthought

BOSTON, June 22.—(FP).—The "Sacco cap" that was supposed to be one of the crowning pieces of evidence against the Italian radical was being weighed and found wanting by George Branting, son of the former socialist premier of Sweden, who came to America for the sole purpose of studying the famous international labor case.

Thayer and Cap. This cap was a star exhibit at the trial. At the Brooklyn police station after Sacco's arrest he was compelled to pose in the cap for the assistance of identifying witnesses. The cap was said to have been picked up at the murder scene. Judge Thayer in his 1924 opinion, denying the first motions for a new trial, cited the cap as strong circumstantial evidence of Sacco's guilt.

But Branting has probed into the facts. He finds, first, that the cap was not discovered till 24 hours after the crime. And since from two to three thousand workers from the Slater & Morrill and the Rice & Hutchins shoe factories a few yards away had been beating up and down the public roadway on which the garment was supposed to have lain the case becomes peculiar. It is difficult to believe the cap could possibly have rested there 24 hours without being picked up.

Official Planted It?

The "finder" of the cap was an official of the Slater & Morrill shoe factory, whose payroll had been robbed and whose executives were interested in getting a speedy conviction. After another 24 hours the company turned the cap over to a Brain-trust policeman, whose name the defense now has.

The "Sacco cap" was either a fraud or a mistake, in the opinion of Timothy Collins, Boston Globe district reporter, who arrived on the scene a half hour after the murder. Branting has Collins' story. Collins got the police facts at once. There was not a word about the cap the first day, nor the next and not till several weeks later.

The "Sacco cap" appears to have been an afterthought of the prosecution—a link in the frame-up chain inserted at a late day.

Urges "Literary Clearing House"

Oliver M. Saylor, author of "The Theater and the Cinema in Soviet Russia," in a letter to Henry S. Canby, critic and writer, has suggested the formation of a "clearing house of literary information."

Saylor pointed out that this is necessary in view of the fact that "under existing conditions less important books frequently are given international currency to the neglect of more important works."

Dies After Accident.

After a sixteen-hour battle for his life, Harry Hendricks, thirty-six, yesterday captain of lighter No. 57 of the Bookers Company, died in St. Vincent's Hospital, S. I. He lost his leg last night when his foot caught in a hawser as the lighter docked at Mariners' Harbor, S. I.

Maine Labor Condemns Prison

LEWISTON, Me., June 22. (FP).—The Maine State Prison was scored at the convention of the Maine Federation of Labor here for failing to obey the law requiring the labelling of convict goods that compete with free labor. The federation is demanding that Governor Brewster have the prison labor commission enforce the law. Joseph B. Eaton of Portland is president and Howard C. Woodside of the same city is secretary and legislative agent of the federation.

Still Looking for Nungesser.

CHICOUTIMI, Que., June 22.—The search for Captains Nungesser and Goll, ill-fated French trans-Atlantic aviators, took a new twist today with the scattering of handbills by an airplane over the northern woods containing instructions in French to fliers to effect their rescue.

WOOD MESSES JOB MAY BE FIRED AS PHILIPPINE CZAR

Leader of Ohio Gang Slated as Successor

Governor General Leonard Wood is slated to lose his job.

The usual bunk about "demands of health" is being handed out and judiciously swallowed by newspaper reporters. But ever since Colonel Carmi Thompson, Ohio buccannier, "investigated" the Philippines for Harvey Firestone, rubber magnate, and Cal Coolidge, and criticized Wood in his report to the president, the removal of Wood has been certain.

Ruling eleven million people in the face of their determined opposition is a difficult job and it takes a shrewd politician than Leonard Wood to do it. His tactics have only stirred the Filipinos to a more insistent demand for immediate independence, and he has failed miserably in carrying out the tactics of American imperialism in the islands. His attempts to divide the Moros and the Filipinos and rule, have only crystallized the sentiment for independence.

Moros Queer Wood. The series of revolts which have recently taken place among the Moros have clearly indicated that American imperialism must fire Governor General Wood and get a new Philippines agent.

The rich rubber lands of the Philippines (located for the most part on the island of Mindanao) are inhabited by the Moros. And the United States wishes to retain them at any cost. (The Bacon bill, introduced in the House of Representatives would have given the northern islands their independence and maintained a brutal semi-feudal rule over the southern rubber-producing islands.)

Wood's failure to successfully carry out the job assigned to him probably means that Colonel Carmi Thompson will become governor-general of the islands in the near future. Thompson is a member of the Ohio gang.

Reports from the middle west state that Wood is on his way to the Black Hills to "confer" with President Coolidge.

Detroit Picnic July 3-4.

DETROIT, June 22.—A two day picnic will be held here July 3 and 4 for the benefit of the workers press. It is being held jointly by 17 labor organizations. The program will include nationally known speakers, sports and games arranged by the Labor-Sports Alliance. Also dancing, food and refreshments. The special feature will be a soccer game between a local and a Mansville, Ohio team.

The picnic will be held at the Rochester Picnic Park. Admission 25 cents.

Needle Trade Defense

All Workers Will Be There.

All workers sympathizing with the Left Wing and Progressive Movement in the trade unions should attend the grand concert which will take place on July 16th in the Coney Island Stadium.

This affair will not only be the finest musical event of the season where prominent artists will appear, but it will also be a monster demonstration of New York Workers against the betrayal of the Sigman-Forward-McGrady clique. The 25,000 workers who will pack the Stadium, will be the answer to the united front of the bosses, Sigmans, McGradys, gangsters and police to break the strike of the furriers.

The proceeds from the tickets goes for the striking furriers. So buy your ticket immediately and thereby help win the strike.

Here Is The Answer.

We have previously announced in the press that the Independent Workmen's Circle Branch of Trenton arranged a picnic for the defense in answer to provocations of the Sigman clique. The picnic was held last Sunday, June 19th. Two Hundred (\$200) Dollars was realized which was forwarded to the office of the Furriers Relief Committee. More help is promised to the Furriers in their struggle.

Cloaks and Awnings. Brothers Kessin and Moskowitz found it impossible to get work at their trade as cloakmakers, so they were compelled to go as awning makers instead. Although they are in a new line of endeavor they have not forgotten their old union and forwarded \$5 as a donation from their first earnings. Let us hope that soon they will be back in a bigger and better Cloakmakers Union.

More Help. The Shirt Ironers Progressive Group forwarded \$15 through Brother L. Klein as a first installment on a pledge of \$1.00 a week per member donation until the fight is over.

This Group has already made itself highly conspicuous by its fine work for the Defense and their example serves to show what can be done where there is a will.

Baker Bosses Enjoined From Using Union Label While Workers Strike

The Messing Bakery Co. was yesterday in Brooklyn supreme court enjoined from further use of the union label on the products.

A strike in the shop of this firm and also in the Pechter Baking Co. has been on now for several weeks, but the label has been used without interruption.

The union has announced that it will now attempt to put a stop to Pechter's use of their label in view of the strike.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

WOOD MESSES JOB MAY BE FIRED AS PHILIPPINE CZAR

Leader of Ohio Gang Slated as Successor

Governor General Leonard Wood is slated to lose his job.

The usual bunk about "demands of health" is being handed out and judiciously swallowed by newspaper reporters. But ever since Colonel Carmi Thompson, Ohio buccannier, "investigated" the Philippines for Harvey Firestone, rubber magnate, and Cal Coolidge, and criticized Wood in his report to the president, the removal of Wood has been certain.

Ruling eleven million people in the face of their determined opposition is a difficult job and it takes a shrewd politician than Leonard Wood to do it. His tactics have only stirred the Filipinos to a more insistent demand for immediate independence, and he has failed miserably in carrying out the tactics of American imperialism in the islands. His attempts to divide the Moros and the Filipinos and rule, have only crystallized the sentiment for independence.

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Sinclair Has Hard Time Getting Himself Jailed For Selling His Novel

BOSTON, June 22.—The local courts have again evaded an attempt to make a test case of their right to act as judges of current literature.

Judge Creed in the municipal court yesterday refused to grant a warrant for the arrest of Upton Sinclair to Lieut. David Hines of the police department, who had bought a copy of "Oil!" which has been banned because of alleged "immoral passages."

The judge explained his refusal to issue the warrant by stating that the case of John Gritz, the book clerk who was arrested for selling the book, has not yet been disposed of.

PLUMBER HELPERS GAIN MORE WAGES SINCE STRIKING

Backed Plumbers' Fight in Brooklyn

By ART SHIELDS, Federated Press. Plumbers' helpers did not lose by taking a chance and striking in solidarity with the journeymen in the Brooklyn walkout lately ended. The first pay envelopes since the men went back show wage increases of 50 cents to \$2 a day.

The helpers' gains are not guaranteed by any agreement. The new American Association of Plumbers' Helpers which called the strike has not yet won recognition. But a large percentage of the Brooklyn bosses have conceded the compromise scale of \$6 a day finally set by the union, and others paying \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 a day.

Were Badly Underpaid. The old scale was only \$4.00 a day a ridiculous wage, less than half that paid to steamfitters' helpers who do work requiring about the same amount of effort and skill. But the old \$4.00 scale is pretty dry, even in Manhattan where the strike did not last nearly as long as in Brooklyn. Few Manhattan bosses are attempting to hire men for less than \$4.50.

It was useless to continue a helpers'-only strike after the journeymen went back, say President C. E. Miller and Organizer J. F. Walsh of the new union. The strike was a great aid to the journeymen and they expect the latter to support them now. An encouraging letter from Thomas E. Burke, International Secretary of the plumbers' union says their application to join the international will be laid before the next meeting of the general executive board.

Building Union. Meanwhile the helpers are consolidating their organization. A monthly paper, the American Plumbers' Helper, is now being issued from the headquarters at 136 East 24th St. It is a snappy 4-page tabloid.

Bare Prof's Research Bureau as Propaganda Organ of Rich Crooks

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 22.—Reputation of the views advanced by Richard T. Ely's Institute for Research in Land Economics and Public Utilities is asked of the American Institute of Economics, now holding a four week summer session in Ely's Chicago headquarters. Benjamin C. Marsh, head of the People's Reconstruction League sponsors the request, pointing out that the co-operative body is giving national publicity to the Land Economics Institute.

"Presided over by Dr. Ely and supported largely by gamblers in real estate and corruptionist public utility magnates who try to evade Senate investigating committees, the Institute of Land Research is merely another dodge to disseminate misleading information and fool farmers and the public generally," Marsh warns.

Look for Naval Seaplane. SAN DIEGO, Cal., June 22.—Investigation was under way today of a report an United States naval seaplane had fallen into the ocean off Laguna Beach, west of Santa Ana, Cal., with a loss of two lives.

STRIKE OF 1,400 CITY ENGINEERS IS LIKELY SOON

Will Protest Tonight at Labor Temple

Subway engineers, members of the Union of Technical Men, have called a protest mass meeting tonight at Labor Temple, 14th St. and Second Ave. Their demands for a hearing consistently ignored by John H. Delaney, chairman of the city's board of transportation, tonight's meeting may result in a decision to lay plans for a strike.

Would Paralyze Construction.

A walkout would completely tie up all construction work on the Eighth Ave.-St. Nicholas Ave.-Washington Heights subway line.

\$32 per week is the average pay of the 1,400 engineers belonging to the union. An annual minimum salary of \$2,160 is demanded by the men.

These highly-skilled technicians are the only group deprived of sick leave, all other municipal departments being entitled up to one month's absence. Discrimination is also charged in the matter of working hours during the months of July and August, when a six-hour day prevails among other city departments.

Extra Work Minus Pay.

Several hundred field men have been working an extra hour daily for over a year without additional pay, according to the union officials. They demand either a return to the regular working schedule or pay for the extra time.

John H. Coughlin, Secretary of the Central Trades and Labor Council and Hugh Frayme have been asked to attend tonight's meeting. An invitation has also been extended to Delaney and other members of the transportation board to appear and defend their present tactics.

A List of Good Books

THE CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT IN ITALY —1.75
By E. A. Lloyd

WORKERS' NON-PROFIT CO-OPERATIVES —1.00
By James E. Wiggins

LENIN ON CO-OPERATIVES —.05

Women

WOMAN WORKER AND THE TRADE UNIONS —1.75
By Theresa Wolfson

WOMEN AND SOCIALISM —1.50
By August Bebel

WORK AMONG WOMEN —.35
ORIGIN OF THE FAMILY, PRIVATE PROPERTY AND THE STATE
Friedrich Engels —.60

Religion

FOUNDATIONS OF CHRISTIANITY —4.00
By Karl Kautsky

MY HERESY —2.00
Bishop Wm. M. Brown

COMMUNISM VS. CHRISTIANISM —1.00
Bishop Wm. M. Brown

PROFITS OF RELIGION —.40
By Upton Sinclair

American Imperialism

THE AMERICAN EMPIRE —.50
By Scott Nearing

IMPERIAL WASHINGTON —.25
R. F. Pettigrew

DOLLAR DIPLOMACY —.50
By Scott Nearing & Jos. Freeman

The DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING COMPANY
33 FIRST ST.
NEW YORK

\$1.00 INSURES YOU FOR 6 MONTHS!

HOUSE ASSASSINS OF COMMUNISTS IN SOVIET PRISONS

Yet No Persecution Is
In Evidence

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.
(Special to The Daily Worker.)
MOSCOW, U. S. S. R. (By Mail).—
One must wonder at the extreme leniency of the Soviet Power, in dealing with its worst enemies, as the facts pile up mountain high on a visit to the Lefortovsky Isolator here in Moscow.

We visited the former counter-revolutionary general, at one time the czarist prince, Uchtomsky, in his cell. For a time he threw the support of some of the Don Cossacks to the efforts of Kolchak to overthrow the workers' and peasants' power in Siberia. The blood of many are upon his hands.

In another cell we found the professor, Kuzminsky, who openly boasted when questioned, "Why are you here?" that, "Oh, I killed some Communists." The wolf thirst for blood, in this case human blood, the blood of workers and peasants, was still in his face.

I have already told of the Czechoslovak spy, Hora, keeper of the prison co-operative store, but there was also the czarist agent provocateur, cog in the vast czarist police system before the revolution, quite aged now. Here he was the leader in the radio circle.

There were others of the same brand, bitter enemies of the Workers' and Peasants' Rule, constituting about four per cent of the 381 inmates, while 70 per cent were held here for serious charges of robbery or similar offenses, with 23 per cent under lighter charges of robbery and other crimes. Some were murderers.

It is not stretching the facts to charge that Abraham Cahan, the editor of the New York Jewish Daily (Socialist) Forward, hates and fights the Soviet Power more viciously than this general of the counter-revolution, Uchtomsky, whose record is notorious. Uchtomsky was taken prisoner in 1919, sentenced to death, but later the sentence was commuted to 10 years' imprisonment. This case is not unusual. Uchtomsky was part of that vast power that the Versailles "peace" bandits sought to develop to overthrow the Soviet Power. Thousands, even tens of thousands of Communists and Communist sympathizers, were murdered by the forces led by such as Uchtomsky, not to mention the horrible deaths meted out to the soldiers of the Red Army when taken prisoners. Yet here he was, one of the worst of the czarist foe, passing his time between the writing of his memoirs, without interference of any kind, and acting as the prison bookkeeper, probably the only useful work he has ever done in his life.

Uchtomsky had a cell all to himself. It is quite large, airy and comfortable, in fact, throughout this whole "house of correction" there is none of that revolting prison odor that pervades every American prison and jail. He had a cot to sleep on, with plenty of pillows, according to the best Russian practice, symbols of past splendor. There was a picture on the wall—the picture of a cavalry charge, with sabers held high by hard riding horsemen. Yes, he could speak French. But he refused to utter a word in that language. He spoke German and Russian and the tenor of his remarks were that he was being treated much better than he

England's Breach with the Soviet Union the Signal for Murderers and Assassins

BRITISH ESPIONAGE IN LENINGRAD

British Communist Worker,

2-2 1/2 S. S. R. & U.

April 22nd, 1927

Dear Jerran,

I presume it is you whose micrograph appears as being on behalf of Peters in a letter dated April 14th. I will try and find out about your "Diagnos". Meanwhile please search your economic brain or, failing this, the brains of the galaxy of economic talent at the Mission and tell me what is the meaning of the expression "fine chemicals" about which Reynhardt - I am sure he does not know the meaning himself - has asked me to report. It is no easy matter for me to obtain information of the nature you require as my Russian birds, whom I send on jobs of this sort, for serious risk

Capital Britain Jerran, Esq.,

British Mission,

MOSCOW.

200000.

of being hanged and quartered by the G. P. U.

for espionage.

Yours ever,

Mark Preston

The above facsimile of a letter sent from the British Commercial Mission at Leningrad to the British Mission at Moscow furnishes undeniable proof of spying activities against the workers' and peasants' government of Russia. The letter reads as follows:

"Dear Jerran:—I presume it is you whose micrograph appears as acting on behalf of Peters in a letter dated April 14th. I will try to find out about your "Diagnos". Meanwhile please search your economic brain or, failing this, the brains of the galaxy of economic talent at the mission and tell me what is the meaning of the expression "fine chemicals" about which Reynhardt—am sure he does not know the meaning himself—has asked me to report.

"It is no easy matter for me to obtain information of the nature you require as my Russian birds (stoopigons) whom I send on jobs of this sort run serious risk of being hanged and quartered by the G. P. U. for espionage."

Yours ever, PRESTON.

This letter was read by Comrade Rykoff before the Moscow Soviet and caused great indignation against the British conspirators who are guilty of the very acts they charged falsely against the Arcos mission in London.

would treat his workingclass enemies if he were in power.

As we talked to him prisoners dropped in from neighboring cells, joining in the discussion, making "an evening" out of it.

Kuzminsky, who had been with Wrangel and Denikin, was less communicative. While the late czarist prince was aged and his hair and beard white, Kuzminsky was carefully smooth shaven and he had not yet begun to gray. He had a radio, that seemed to be an excellent instrument, better than the many possessed by others.

Kuzminsky's radio, however, only brought him such programs as the Soviet State offered and he was reading, as we entered, the latest issue of the Ivestia, the official organ of the Soviet Government. Probably that is very disconcerting to him. Of this he would say nothing.

Then we passed on among prisoners, most of whom were to be found on this evening, as on nearly every evening, gathered in the various educational and cultural activities being conducted within the prison. The story of these activities were told us by the educational director, a member of the Communist Party.

Greater enthusiasm for music I have never seen displayed than that shown by the prison chorus. What singing!

The radio circle was in full session. The prison radio that pointed its huge amplifier into the prison chapel (now called the prison theater or assembly hall) was turned on for our benefit.

The dramatic circle gathered on the stage was rehearsing a play that was to be presented on some special occasion in the near future.

I have already told of the Bee Culture Circle, participated in by peasants who had unluckily, or perhaps luckily fallen counter to the Soviet Law. "Luckily," I say, because here in prison they were getting an education unknown to them under czarism. Peasants on good behavior are given three months off each year to return to their villages for the harvest. Other prisoners are given a two weeks' vacation each year. All this time is counted as part of the serving of their various terms of imprisonment.

Another "Circle" discusses the History of the Communist Party and general political and scientific subjects.

The prison library contains 2,000 volumes. Every cell receives a copy of a daily newspaper. The prisoners can get other Soviet newspapers and magazines that they wish. All are to be had in the prison.

The theater boasts an excellent moving picture machine, with which the best Soviet pictures, such as "Potemkin" and Gorky's "Mother" have been shown. The moving picture operator is a former member of the Communist Party, imprisoned for misuse of party funds.

So we might have spent the night investigating and studying methods by which the Soviet Union is seeking to solve one of its big problems. But it was getting towards ten o'clock in the evening and we must make the trip back to the city.

All of these prison activities enumerated, however, I might add, were carried on by the prisoners themselves without the direction or supervision of guards. At all times we had a group of prisoners who followed us about, asking questions, and showing as great an interest in us, as we were showing in them. The freedom of the prison was theirs.

Thus we made our way back to the administration offices. Here we were urged to ask any other questions that we desired. And we were also asked to write our impressions of the prison in a special book kept for that purpose. I wrote a message from our American class war prisoners, especially mentioning Sacco and Vanzetti and Mooney and Billings. Yes, they had all heard of Sacco and Vanzetti here, condemning the intended murder of these innocent workers and comparing the treatment with the leniency shown the enemies of the Workers' Republic within the borders of the Soviet Union.

"We want the workers and farmers of America to get a clear understanding of our treatment of the enemies of the Soviet Power," said the prison director. "We are sure that when this matter is properly presented to them they will understand."

Working class justice is a strong arm of the Soviet Power.

'Enmity' of Moros For Filipinos Is Invention of U. S.

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 22.—Prussian officers of pre-war vintage have nothing on American officers lording it over the Filipinos, according to disclosures by representatives in Washington of the Philippine independence movement. Major Orville M. Johnson, American consular officer in a province of Mindanao is hailed as an example.

Several months ago Major Johnson and other American officers sued the independence paper "La Revolucion" of Cebu for libel because of charges that the Americans were stirring up strife between the Christian Filipinos and the Mohammedan Moros. The Cebu paper presented proof that the much vaunted enmity between the two races, asserted to be the main reason why the Filipinos should not have freedom and why the Moros should be taken away from Philippine jurisdiction, was being intensified by American militarists themselves.

Union Exposes Officers. Major Johnson, infuriated by the testimony of a Moro chieftain that his tribe had been stirred up by the Americans, insulted the old man publicly. The Moros threatened to lynch Johnson, who was rescued by a native policeman, arrested and charged with slander. His case is to be heard.

Sacco and Vanzetti Shall Not Die!

EDITOR'S NOTE:—Upon the first news of the assassination of Comrade Vokoff in Warsaw, the French Communist daily "L'Humanite," published an article in a prominent position under the title "England's Breach With the Soviet Union—the Signal for Murderers and Assassins." We herewith republish the translated article:

So the assault against Moscow is started with the furor of despair. At least the instigators of this bloody adventure should know that dirty work has in itself the marks of certain death. Not only the ignoble crimes as those which have taken place in Warsaw and Leningrad as well as the frontier of White Russia will not shake and destroy the dictatorship of workers and peasants, but they will strengthen the workers of the world in their determination not to let these criminals go unpunished. In the assassination of Comrade Vokoff we are witnessing the beginning of White counter-revolution. Our comrade has occupied his post at Warsaw since 1924, which he himself used to call a fighting post. He had replaced Comrade Karkhan and a French journalist who interviewed Vokoff last summer was writing yesterday about the precautions that the staff of the Russian embassy at Poland had to take owing to hostile manifestations of which they were frequently the subject.

The Poland of Sikorski and Pilsudski and of White terror, this Poland so dear to Mr. Boncour is the land of predilection of Russian monarchists and counter-revolutionists. What would, however, be the Polish state without the English gold and the subsidy of financiers of the City. How many times in this paper we have disclosed the maneuvers of London advancing now and then the Polish pawns on the anti-bolshevik checker board. It was in Lausanne that Comrade Vorofsky was assassinated in 1925, while defending the rights of the peoples of the Orient against the imperialist jingoes. It is in the capital of reactionary Poland, in the country which the Whites have chosen as their advanced outpost against Sovietism, that an assassin has killed Vokoff.

Yes, the instigators of this crime are in London and they know how to choose the place and the means of their sinister designs. Yesterday it was Comrade the mercenary of Wrangel and today it's Boris Kowrdia, the trusted man of abhorred Czarism. Kowrdia belonged to that troublesome organization which is under the leadership of Nicholas-Nicolaewitch and has its ramifications in all the capitals of Europe. One of the chiefs of these bands is the notorious Sablin, the right hand of English Fascist and their chief Locker-Lampson, who is a person always welcome at the home office of Joymson-Hicks. Another pawn of this company is General Koutepov, less known but equally harmful. Koutepov has recently es-

THE ATTACK ON THE U. S. S. R.



SOVIET UNION (to the capitalists of the world):—"I am busy reconstructing as you see; I don't want a war, but look out if I do come down."

established himself in Paris and from the French capital he is subsidizing and directing the movement of the Terrorist organizations which are preparing the assassination of workers and peasants in U. S. S. R.

Eight days ago, Comrade Rykoff revealed this infamous conspiracy before a Moscow Soviet. He was denouncing particularly the action of the British Consul Preston. He read a letter of this party which we are publishing in this issue. It is impossible not to establish a co-relation between the criminal activity of counter-revolution, the murder of Vokoff, the terrorist attack of Leningrad and the attack on Comrade Opanski and his companions.

Downing Street has created an atmosphere of murder around the Soviet Union and has launched against it its paid gangsters. The rupture of London was expected by the conspirators as a word of command: "Assail the Communists, kill as many of them as possible."

It is not with regular armies that

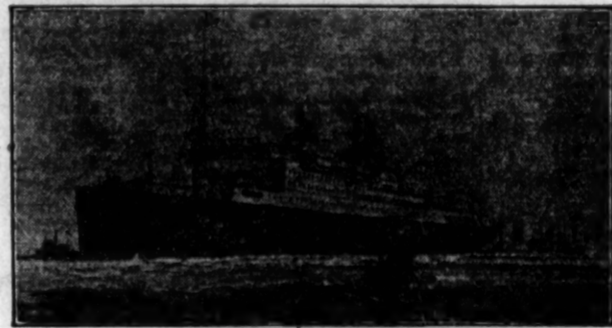
they are now fighting the country of the Revolution. It is with the aid of murderers in white collars and assassins in evening dress. Let it be so, but the Revolutionists like Vokoff and like the Communists of Leningrad are not afraid of death. The revolution, however, cannot sell so cheaply the lives of its champions. It has the right to defend itself and ask for the aid of the exploited over the whole world. It is they who to the fire of the reactionary attack must oppose the proletarian force which is the safeguard of the future.

It is they who must organize around their Russian Revolution first the proletarian defense and then the victorious attack against imperialism.

Overflow Ends.

CROTON, N. Y., June 22.—While the big chain of reservoirs of New York City waterworks are filled to the very top of the wide spillway at Croton Dam, the overflow is believed to have ceased for the season.

Sailing for Leningrad



July 14th

for a

Six Weeks' Trip to Russia

A party of Americans is setting out for a sight-seeing tour in the first Workers' Republic, visiting Leningrad, Moscow and near-by points.

\$575 COVERS ALL EXPENSES

for steamship tickets, rail fares, rooms, meals, and excursions to such places as Tsarskoye Selo, Peterhof, the mammoth power center at Volkhov-Stroi, museums, art galleries—and the best theatres and concerts, too.

WANT TO COME?

The time is short. The party is limited. Write immediately for booklet and further information.

WORLD TOURISTS, INC.

Room 803

41 Union Square, New York, N. Y.

Stuy. 7251

The above picture is the motorship "Gripsholm" of the Swedish American Line which will carry the party to Leningrad.

PILSUDSKI AIDS TORIES IN FIGHT ON SOVIET UNION

Supports White Bandits
Sejm Member Charges

WARSAW, June 9. (By Mail).—That Russian monarchist bandits are being subsidized in Poland by the British for the purpose of espionage in the Soviet Union and for raids on the border districts of the U. S. S. R., and that this campaign is carried on with the full consent of the Pilsudski dictatorship, is pointed out in a statement issued by a left wing member of the Sejm.

The text of the statement follows: In order to fully grasp the significance of the assassination of the Soviet Ambassador by the Russian monarchists, one must take the following circumstances into consideration:

1. Finance Bandits. A section of the Russian monarchist bandits under the infamous General Bulak-Bulakovitch is being financed in Poland with British money. This section is allegedly occupied in administering the Belorussian woods which the Polish State has leased to a British firm. Another section is financed with the money of the Polish General Staff, just as the Petlura band. As recently as 1924 and 1925, the Polish General Staff utilized the second section for raids on the border districts of Soviet White Russia and the Soviet Ukraine.

2. Since the coup d'Etat of Pilsudski, the activity of the monarchist groups has noticeably increased. The press of Pilsudski has been in the habit of writing about the necessity of the creation of an "Independent" Ukraine and an "Independent" White Russia, naturally upon the ruins of the Soviet Ukraine and Soviet White Russia.

3. Persecutes Communists. Although the fascist regime of the dictator Pilsudski persecutes all propaganda and the whole press of the Communist Party, and not merely that, but even the radical "Independent Peasants Party" and the radical national White Russian organization "Hromada." Although these two parties which until quite recently were perfectly legal, are now illegal and persecuted, just as the Communist Party and their members of parliament are persecuted and flung into prison, and even quite bourgeois Polish papers continually suffer from the confiscation of their issues by the Censor, it is noteworthy that the propaganda and the press of the Russian white guardists enjoy absolute freedom.

4. With regard to the breach between Great Britain and the Soviet Union, the Polish press wrote that Poland would remain neutral. But since then, the Pilsudski organs have begun to write that the Soviet Union is not keeping its undertakings under the Treaty of Riga. The fact is of course, that the Polish anti-soviet front has been strengthened by the recent loan of 65 million dollars negotiated with Great Britain. This loan is to be followed by further investments chiefly in the war industries and for the extension of the strategic lines.

5. As soon as Pilsudski seized power he began to reorganize the army in order to make it ready for war in the least possible space of time. To-day, the army in Poland is regarded as on a war footing or very nearly so. Pilsudski also furthered the development of the war industry.

Following upon the renewal of the Anglo-French Entente Cordiale, the Polish anti-soviet front has become stronger and more stable than ever. All talk of the readiness of Poland to conclude a treaty of neutrality and non-aggression with the Soviet Union, cannot conceal the fact that under the leadership of Great Britain, Pilsudski is working together with the Rumanian General Staff for war against the Soviet Union. All such talk is solely intended to mantle the feverish preparations for war.

6. When all these facts are taken into consideration coupled with the hostile agitation of the Russian guardists and the Polish supporters of Pilsudski against the Soviet Union, then one can see that the bullets which killed the Soviet Ambassador to Poland, comrade Vokov, were aimed by Great Britain with the support of the Second Division of the General Staff of the Polish Army.

This murder is the opening accord to the war which is in preparation. In all probability it will be followed by armed raids of the Balachov and Petlura bands under the direction of the Polish General Staff upon Soviet territory, or even direct military operations against the Soviet Union. The danger of war is drawing closer and closer.

U. S. Drunk, Says King's M. D. LONDON, June 22.—"I have never seen in recent years drunkenness of such a terrible character as in America," declared Lord Dawson of Penn, the king's physician, in a speech in the house of lords attacking a prohibition measure introduced by the bishop of Liverpool.

"You will see far less drunkenness in this country than in America," said Lord Dawson. "It is really an outrage to call this country non-sober. We are, broadly speaking, a sober country."

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J. LOUIS ENGDAHL
WILLIAM F. DUNNE } Editors
BERT MILLER } Business Manager

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Advertising rates on application.

Greater and More Effective Efforts to Free Sacco and Vanzetti.

Rumors of a reprieve for Sacco and Vanzetti and the presentation of a petition whose huge number of signatures tends to be discounted by the fact that it asks only for a public investigation of the case, must not be allowed to slow down the agitation for the release of these two innocent workers whose sufferings have become a symbol of the persecution of their class.

It should require nothing more than the fact that in the face of the gigantic international popular protest and the widespread conviction that Sacco and Vanzetti are guiltless of the charge of which they were convicted, based on the mass of evidence showing the methods of this monstrous frame-up, Sacco and Vanzetti are still facing the electric chair.

Nothing has as yet moved the Massachusetts authorities to the point where they are even willing to assure the condemned men that they will not be murdered.

Nothing will move Massachusetts officialdom except a continuation and an extension of demonstrations showing the determination of the masses that Sacco and Vanzetti shall not only not die but shall be given their liberty.

Humanitarians and other well-meaning groups are easily deluded by the impartial pretensions of capitalists and their spokesmen who have murder in their hearts. July 10 approaches and no guarantees for the safety of Sacco and Vanzetti have been given.

It is clear that more decisive measures are necessary on the part of the working class. There must be an end to the dangerous tendency to regard the issue as settled because so many "prominent" people have said kind words for Sacco and Vanzetti.

Now more than ever it is clear that only the working class can save their lives and force freedom for them. This does not mean that the efforts of other sections of the population are without effect but the base of the whole protest, and its driving force, comes from the workers and their organizations.

With this fundamental rule in mind there can be no cessation of the campaign to free Sacco and Vanzetti. Whatever form the protest movements take, be they partial strikes, mass meetings and demonstrations, they can be made effective only if we never forget that we, American workers, can free our comrades and that we must free them if we are not to be the laughing stock of our enemies, and that if Sacco and Vanzetti are not freed there will be other victims seized from our ranks to make a bloody celebration of the victory of American capitalist justice.

Traction Workers Should Demand Action.

The ruling class of this country, accustomed to labor leaders groveling before them, is sometimes astounded at their shameless servility. Mr. Samuel Untermyer, conducting hearings before the state transit commission in an effort to break the Dahl-Chadbourne control of the Interborough and turn it over to the control of the House of Morgan, received an unexpected visit from three alleged labor leaders, Hugh Frayne, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor, and Patrick J. Shea and James H. Coleman, officials of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees. He expressed surprise at the visit and the assurances given him by the self-appointed delegation that there was no foundation for rumors of an impending strike on either the Interborough or the Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit. It was too much even for Untermyer.

The day before the visit to Untermyer these worthies, who profess to speak for labor, held a conference with Tammany appointees of the state department of labor and issued statements to the effect that no strike is contemplated.

Untermyer, in the course of his investigations, brought out the fact that the company union maintained by the Interborough is a plain fraud and that discrimination is practiced against organized labor. Whether he approves of it or not, the investigation paved the way for intensive organizational activities among the traction slaves. The most effective way to organize the workers who have suffered from a series of wage cuts and who work under most miserable conditions is to call a strike at once. Such a strike officially called by the Amalgamated, which is affiliated with the A. F. of L., would meet with almost unanimous approval and support on the part of the population. To fail to act now is to play into the hands of the traction magnates and give a new lease of life to the company union.

The contemptible action of Frayne, Shea and Coleman should be repudiated by those members of the Amalgamated in this city and a stern demand should be made for instant action.

By their servile crawling before the state labor officials and before Untermyer these "leaders of labor" have proved that they want to persuade the traction magnates that they can be depended upon to use their power to hold the men in subjection the same as the company union. In other words it is an offer to relieve the management of the necessity of maintaining such a union by playing the familiar role of labor lieutenants of capitalism.

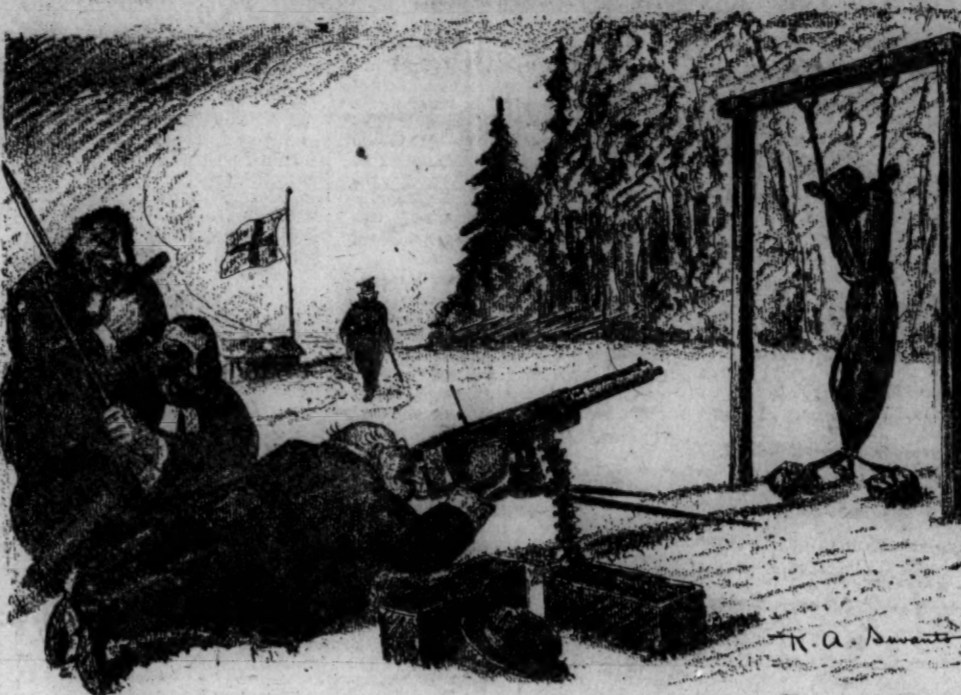
The workers on the traction systems should join the Amalgamated now, as its officials are pretending to be conducting an organizational campaign, and should then force the officials to act against the company union and to obtain living wages, shorter hours and decent working conditions.

Jimmy Walker Decorated by Fascist Agent.

Tammany's male Broadway butterfly mayor, Jimmy Walker, received from Mussolini's ambassador to the United States, Giacomo de Martino, the decoration of the order of Saints Maurice and Lazarus, the most exalted within the power of the black-guard government of murder and terror to bestow upon any foreigner.

This is the same Walker who last year refused to take action against police terror in the traction strike, whose chief of police condones most frightful brutalities against the striking furriers,

AS GENEVA WOULD HAVE IT



CHORUS OF CAPITALISTS:—If we can only get along with each other, we will make only enough expensive guns to shoot discontented workers.

Organizational Problems

By ARNE SWABECK.

CHAPTER VII

Members of a Communist Party should be equipped for leadership in the class struggle. They must not only understand its theoretical basis, but also possess the necessary knowledge of practical application of party policies and tactics. Our regular party training should, therefore, embrace the largest possible numbers and particularly be taken up in the nuclei so that education becomes available for all members.

Self-education can be practiced effectively in the nuclei. Shop talks at regular intervals by comrades selected for the purpose would be a good beginning. Such shop talks should be approximately 15 or 20 minutes and take up events in the shop in question, the conditions of the workers there, the methods of propaganda and activities pursued by our comrades. These talks could also be made on the experience of comrades thru their activities in trade unions or other working class organizations; the position of the organization in question, its struggles, and the methods and tactics of the left wing. Talks on activities in election campaigns, the reactions of workers and their organizations to our candidates or labor candidates. Illustrations of the general method and technique of election campaigns would not only prove highly instructive, but generally aid in throwing our party units much more into parliamentary election activities. Discussion on such talks should, of course, be conducted mainly with a view to further elaborate on the subject, to bring out any weak points in our methods and tactics and to get our members more interested and more active and more fit for party work.

A further effective method of self-education by the nuclei is collective reading from books on Marx, Lenin and Leninism. While every member should himself read the specific chapter assigned before the meeting, one member should be selected to lead the discussion and every one be urged to participate. Discussions on general political events, based on the party press, or on important party statements, setting forth its policy on a certain event or situation, should be conducted in the same manner. To make party training real, it is of the greatest necessity that any systematic educational activities be linked as closely as possible with the everyday work of the members.

Party literature should, of course, always be at hand and books or pamphlets containing educational material or lessons of certain events should be read by all members in addition to their regular large scale distribution of party propaganda literature.

Wherever possible, the organization of non-party study groups is, of course, very desirable and in general either of the methods outlined before can be applied. Moreover, our comrades should definitely strive towards establishing contact with sympathetic workers in their shops or organizations to which they belong and endeavor to draw them into such groups not only for the purpose of study, but for general support of party activities. Naturally discussing with such

workers the events during the last strike of a union or of a shop, the issues in the last elections or similar subjects based on the party press and party statements in regard to them will bring such workers closer to the party and help clarify their understanding.

In cities where possible, it is taken for granted that party schools will be established giving the various grades of classes, the more elementary and the more advanced. It is, however, important that such schools not be merely isolated educational activities, but become an integral part of our general party training so that from the courses conducted in the nuclei, the members, preferably on a selected basis, pass on to bigger tasks, to the training in the party school. This should not mean that there be any limitations upon the school. The more comrades who can go thru an intensive training, the better. Nor should there be any limitations of party membership, but non-party workers should be particularly welcomed. In certain cases, non-party instructors may also help to broaden the scope of the school.

An elementary educational course conducted in the party units has already proven of great value. It can be organized in every city. The broad outline of the course, commensurate with the needs of elementary education for a Communist Party membership, should be worked out by the Agitprop Committee and the best fitted comrades selected, to first receive a short course of training in the subject themselves and then make the round of the nuclei. There the lessons should be conducted serially on the basis of the class method.

The most effective method, however, is not a mere course of lectures, but rather a series of questions, well prepared by the comrades functioning as teachers, and following the outline of the course. These questions should be addressed to the nuclei members for them to answer with a final summary by the teacher.

PHILADELPHIA, June 22. — A "Hands Off China" protest meeting will be held tomorrow night by the West Philadelphia Workers' Club at the Progressive Library, 4035 Girard Ave.

P. T. Lau will discuss the present situation in China, and the policies of the Kuomintang. Questions and discussion will follow the meeting.

What the Daily Worker Means to the Workers

More Encouraging Contributions to Our Emergency Fund.

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L. Johnson; "The Vola"; Buffalo, N. Y.25.00

C. Cassell; Kalamazoo, Mich.1.00
D. Lampros; Chicago, (col.)3.25
J. Sakanovich; Barberton, O.1.00
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L. Nibbief; Bklyn, N. Y.1.00
Schwartz; N. Y. C.1.00
J. Kertz; N. Y. C.1.00
Working Men's Singing Society, Comr. Phila; N. Y. C.35.00
Dr. E. Hillinger; S. Chicago.1.00
D. Schackman; A. Schackman, R. Kapetanski; Detroit.3.00

M. Mirowski; St. N-26; Chicago.15.00
Lith. W. Women's A. of A. N. Y.5.00
J. B. Kouzandis; N. Y.5.00
J. B. Kouzandis; (Bond), N. Y.25.00
Bronx Women's Council, N. Y.20.00
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Bertha B., N. Y.3.00
L. E. Katerfield, N. Y.8.80
J. Grolsten, N. Y.5.00

CURRENT EVENTS

(Continued from Page One)

driven them from the pages of the capitalist press? Even Lindbergh had his day and our murderers and rapists are having a chance to break into the news again. Those things are important and it is not our purpose to deprive the christian inhabitants of this christian nation of their mental fodder. But the Soviet Union covers one sixth of the earth's surface and a few dozen revolts in the Workers Republic should be deserving of consideration. Is it possible that the capitalist papers were not telling us the truth?

AT the recent session of the league council in Geneva, France was dicker with England over the terms of an anti-Soviet alliance. England is always willing to make concessions at the expense of others. She wanted Germany in the alliance, but had nothing to give in exchange except something that France had. Briand, it appears, was willing to go thru with the deal, but Poincare was not. So, in all probability, Briand was advised to take down his trick eye, polish it up and hang a flag on it. He did this and went home. Now we learn that Briand and Poincare are liable to break, but there is not a word about the eve.

IF Aristide Briand, French foreign minister quits his post and if Ben Turpin gets his trick eye straightened out or gets involved in a domestic scandal, the Frenchman should be able to make a good and honest living with his diplomatic eye. Whenever Briand gets into a diplomatic jam at league meetings, he hangs a sheet over his left optic, and makes a bee line for Paris. No sooner does he hit his office than he recovers, and the eye returns to normalcy. An eye like that is worth a fortune to a diplomat. What would it not be worth to a Hollywood director?

AT the recent session of the league council in Geneva, France was dicker with England over the terms of an anti-Soviet alliance. England is always willing to make concessions at the expense of others. She wanted Germany in the alliance, but had nothing to give in exchange except something that France had. Briand, it appears, was willing to go thru with the deal, but Poincare was not. So, in all probability, Briand was advised to take down his trick eye, polish it up and hang a flag on it. He did this and went home. Now we learn that Briand and Poincare are liable to break, but there is not a word about the eve.

DRAMA

Broadway Briefs

Ivy Sawyer has been engaged for the musical version of "Just Suppose," to be produced early in the season by Joseph Santley.

The little Hastings twins, Barbara and Ardele, recently seen in "George White's Scandals," and big sister Patty are preparing for a vaudeville tour in a comedy playlet now in preparation.

Having discontinued the Saturday matinee, the "Grand Street Follies" at the Little Theatre has introduced at its Tuesday and Thursday matinees a special range of prices, from two dollars for the best seats to one dollar. The Neighborhood Playhouse group seems to be on the right path. Every evening has its usual quota of standees.

James LaPenna's new musical play "Ritzie" will open a preliminary tour in Long Branch next Monday. Ashbury Park and Atlantic City will follow, with the production coming to Broadway shortly after. The cast includes: Ann Milburn, Leo Donelly, James B. Carson, Rosalie Claire, Jack Squires, James Barrett, Mae Daly, Frank Leslie, Maxine Carson and Jimmy Lytell's Orchestra. Hugh Stanislaus Stange wrote the book, with the music by J. Fred Coots and the lyrics by Al Dubin.

Screen Notes

Cantor Joseph Rosenblatt, the well known cantor will make his first appearance in the movies with Al Johnson in "The Jazz Singer," which will be done with Vitaphone accompaniment.

Rudolph Schildkraut's next production will be "A Harp in Hock." He will begin work in it under the direction of Renaud Hoffman at the De Mille-Metropolitan studio early in July.

S. Yachymetz, N. Y.25
M. Zelarsky, N. Y.2.00
Martha Vansandol, N. Y.2.00
S. Pallman, N. Y.3.50
Polish Branch I. L. D. 48, N. Y.25.00
M. Hoffman, N. Y.25.00
Anna Halperin, N. Y.1.00
J. Maynard, N. Y.1.00
Trefenberg, N. Y.1.00
Conrad Ex, N. Y.1.00
Int. Br. W. P. Stamford, Conn.100.00
L. Tenanbaum, Coney Island.2.00
A. Wilinsky, N. Y.5.00
Workers, Crotone Dress Shop.8.00
Isidor Moskowitz, N. Y.1.00
H. Wood, N. Y.1.00
Rinehuck, N. Y.7.00
Women's Council No. 12, N. Y.10.00
Ben Gordon, N. Y.1.00
Morten, N. Y.1.00
Theodor Masian, N. Y.1.00
J. Greitzer, N. Y.1.00
P. Golpelt, N. Y.1.00
B. Axelroad, N. Y.1.00
H. Leff, N. Y.5.00
Jack Rothstein, N. Y.2.00
Group of Barbers, N. Y.40.00
Barbers' Local 913, N. Y.20.00
S. Rosenbloom, N. Y.3.00
S. Zinnack, N. Y.2.00
Paul Chused, N. Y.3.00
Anna Sharon, N. Y.17.00
H. Fox, Elizabeth, N. Y.3.00
P. Kutt, N. Y.1.50
2 Vet., Soc. Relief Soc., Katekail 4.00
Miss Halperin, N. Y.10.00
E. Zuckerman, N. Y.10.00
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Fanny Magolis, N. Y.1.00
Horowitz, N. Y.6.00
Leather Goods Workers, N. Y.1.00
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NOTE: Books offered in this column on hand in limited quantities. All orders cash and filled in turn as received.

CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD.



Headlines on the Palace program this week, appearing in "Why Gentlemen Prefer Blondes" a new comedy skit by Andy Rice.

AMUSEMENTS

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Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30

The SILVER CORD
John Golden Th. 58 E. 67 St. Circle
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The LADDER
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44th St., W. of 8'way.
Evenings at 8:30.
MATINEES TUES. AND THURSDAY, 2:30
STREET FOLLIES

Let's Fight On! Join The Workers Party!

In the loss of Comrade Ruthenberg the Workers (Communist) Party has lost its foremost leader and the American working class its staunchest fighter. This loss can only be overcome by many militant workers joining the Party that he built. Fill out the application below and mail it. Become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party and carry forward the work of Comrade Ruthenberg.

I want to become a member of the Workers (Communist) Party.

Name

Address

Occupation

Union Affiliation

Mail this application to the Workers Party, 108 East 14th Street, New York City; or if in other city to Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blv., Chicago, Ill.

Distribute the Ruthenberg pamphlet, "The Workers (Communist) Party, What It Stands For and Why Workers Should Join." This Ruthenberg pamphlet will be the basic pamphlet thruout the Ruthenberg Drive. Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St. Nuclei outside of the New York District write to The DAILY WORKER Publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Walters Y. Pincus, N. Y.5.00
Steve Zimmerman, N. Y.1.00
Anna Shalit, N. Y.3.25
A. Rosenblatt, N. Y.9.55
S. Angel, N. Y.1.00
Local Union 906, N. Y.3.00

COAL BARONS MOVE TO STARVE OUT PENNA MINERS BY FOOD BLOCKADE

Court Holds Union Not Liable for Injuries in Attack by Pickets on Strikebreakers

PITTSBURGH, June 22.—On the heels of the campaign of the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Corporation to evict 6,000 striking union miners and their families has begun a food blockade to starve the workers into abject submission and drive them back to work on a non-union basis.

Fur Unity Committee Arranging Big Meeting For Union Sq., Saturday

The Unity Committee of the Furriers' Union will hold an open air meeting 1 p. m. Saturday at Union Square. The demonstration is being arranged to protest against the mass arrest of pickets and the gangsters of the right wing.

All cloakmakers, dressmakers, furriers and cap and millinery workers are urged to report to the Joint Board office, 22 East 22nd St. before 11:30 a. m. today and get a bundle of leaflets advertising Saturday's demonstration.

NEWS FROM NEW JERSEY

(By Special Correspondent.)

NEWARK, N. J., June 22.—The teamsters, chauffeurs and helpers working for firms dealing in mason materials and building supplies have been out on strike since their agreement expired the first of June.

The bosses organized into the Mason Materials Supply Association, attempted to establish the open shop and refused to sign up again with the Teamsters' Union, Local 478. As a result, workers in the yards of the employers went out on a strike and proceeded to picket. The men demanded an increase of wages of \$3 and improved working conditions. The bosses refused to arbitrate or compromise.

Get Injunction. After three weeks of striking the bosses secured a temporary injunction last week prohibiting picketing. Yesterday when the union and strikers appeared in court the injunction was modified and picketing will resume Thursday morning.

Since the strike, however, the ranks of the bosses have broken down. The following firms have broken away from the open shop bosses' association and are operating closed, union shops: John P. Callaghan, Harrison Supply, Decker Building Materials, Newark Mason Supply, Montclair Builders' Material Co., and Gornitzky & Co. The men employed are all union men. Today the anti-labor bosses thru Builders Material Supply Co. served subpoenas on Local 478 of the teamsters and Local 825 of the heating engineers, also 20 of their former employees. Fred Carlin and John Weston, the business representatives, are to appear in the Chancery Court in Trenton on July 1st.

100% Strong. The ranks of the strikers are 100 per cent strong. All the yards of the scab employers are crippled and shut down. Practically no supplies leave the yards. The heating engineers refuse to handle material hauled by scab chauffeurs and drivers. Consequently they have been served with injunctions and are being fought by the bosses.

To date six employers have settled and eleven more have not seen fit to maintain agreement with the union. The strikers are determined to main-

Stop Food Deliveries. Leaders of the miners charge that private detectives of the company are preventing deliveries of food to Mellanau, a nearby coal town, from merchants in Pittsburgh.

Most of the miners are now compelled to use oil lamps and lanterns since the company has turned off the electric power.

Army of Thugs. The company is now raising a huge army of "coal and iron guards" as part of the terrorization of the strikers. These "guards" are paid by the bosses but wear the uniforms of state police and have the power of arrest.

Scab's Wife Loses Suit. ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, June 22.—The suit of Mrs. Major, widow of John I. Major, a scab killed in an attack by strikebreakers on union pickets in 1922, at Lefferty, was thrown out of court today by Judge Chas. A. Reed. Mrs. Major had sued the international local and district organizations of the United Mine Workers of America for \$250,000.

The court ruled that a suit could not be made against the union, tho if Mrs. Major could pick out individuals responsible, the suit could be brought against them. One man is in the penitentiary now as a result of the frame-up that followed Major's death.

Resume Wage Conferences. PHILADELPHIA, June 22.—Coal barons and union officials of the Central Pennsylvania bituminous coal fields are resuming negotiations over wage schedules begun last month. The coal operators are making an attempt to slash the wages stipulated in the Jacksonville agreement.

A strike in the bituminous fields is likely to follow a breakdown in negotiations—unless union officials accept. A closed shop or union conditions, while the bosses are divided and soon must settle with the union and keep conditions the same as they have been in the past. Victory is near for the workers as their solidarity is strong.

Barbers' Strike On. NEWARK, N. J., June 22.—A general strike of the barbers affiliated with Local 877 of the A. F. of L. is on since Monday. At present over 500 men are out on strike and the ranks will be doubled to 1,000 before the week is over. The spirit of the men is high. The rank and file of the workers are out picketing daily and bring in recruits every hour of the day. Meetings are held twice daily at 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.

Today, a big percentage of the men working around the four corners, downtown, walked out on strike. In this section the aristocracy of the trade are employed. The meanest conditions exist but the men do not realize the slave shops they are working in. Newark is considered the "blackest hole" in the country as far as working conditions for the barbers. The fight to unionize the shops in Newark and vicinity will be successful. The workers realize this is their opportunity to increase their wages and shorten their hours and to establish a strong and powerful union here.

PARTY ACTIVITIES

NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Party Unity, Attention!

All notices of party affairs, meetings and other activities for publication in The DAILY WORKER should be addressed to the Party News Editor, The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., New York.

Vechevinks and Dance.

A Vechevinks and dance will be held Saturday evening at 1940 Benson Ave., Brooklyn, by the Bath Beach Section, Young Workers' League. Admission 25 cents at the door.

Parents, Attention!

Registration for the Young Pioneer camp closes June 26th. There is room for only a few more to go with the first group. Parents wishing their children to leave for camp with this group should register right away. The groups go for two, three, four and five weeks' stay in camp. All further information at 108 University Place and Room 41, 108 East 14th St. Phone Stuyvesant 7770.

Industrial Organizers Section 1 Meet Monday.

A special meeting of the industrial organizers of Section 1 will be held Monday, 6 p. m. sharp at 108 East 14th St.

For Members of Sub Section 2-E.

All members of Sub Section 2-E are urged to be present at its first open air meeting of the season at 5:30 p. m. tomorrow, at Union Sq. After the open air meeting F.D. 2-2-E will hold its regular business meeting.

Passaic Party Branch to Have Outing

The Workers Party Branch of Passaic, N. J. will have a bus-ride on Sunday, July 3 to the beautiful Horse-neck Bridge. The ride will start at 7 p. m. from the Workers Home, 27 Dayton Ave. Tickets \$1; for children 25 cents.

Open Air Meetings Tonight.

Second Ave. and 10th St. Speakers: McDonald, Solitaky, Lillenstein, Bental, H. Freeman.

138th St. and St. Anna Ave. Speakers: Spire, Baum, Garnett, Charles Mitchell.

Graham and Varet St., Brooklyn. Speakers: Raiss, F. Jacobs, Ginsberg, Cowl and Rosen.

Claremont Parkway and Washington Ave. Speakers: Primoff, Dailles, E. Jacobson and Cork.

Housewives Meeting Tonight.

All party members who are housewives will meet tonight, 8 p. m., at 108 East 14th St. Very urgent questions will be taken up and no one should be absent.

Meeting For Armenian Workers Friday.

An open meeting will be held Friday evening, 8 p. m. at 150 E. 28th St.

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Workers Party Annual Summer Festival Workers Party

First Big Outdoor Event This Season

SUNDAY, JUNE 26th
From 10 A. M. Until Midnight
Pleasant Bay Park—Bronx
ATHLETICS GAMES DANCING
BASEBALL GAMES
Workers Party vs. Young Workers League — I. L. G. W. U. vs. Furriers
Athletic Exhibitions:—Finnish, Hungarian and other language groups.—Special program arranged by the Young Pioneers.—All kinds of games for young and old.
SCOTT NEARING, WM. F. DUNNE, BEN GITLOW, M. J. OLGIN, and ALBERT WEISBORD and many others will participate in the games.—Good Eats and Plenty of 'Em.
Admission 35 cents. Free Buses to and from Station.

DIRECTIONS: Take the Bronx Subway or "L" to 177th St. station, then take Unionport Car to the end of line. From West Side take Broadway Subway to 181st St., then cross town car to Unionport.
TICKETS ON SALE: WORKERS PARTY, 108 E. 14th St.; FREIHEIT, 30 Union Square; DAILY WORKER, 33 E. 1st St.; JIMMIE HIGGINS BOOK SHOP, 106 University Place.

Final Lecture on China to Be Given By Wicks on Friday

The final lecture of the series on China, will be delivered by H. M. Wicks at the Workers' School, 108 East 14th street, this Friday evening beginning at 8:00 o'clock sharp.

This will conclude the best attended series ever given by the school and those who have attended the other lectures on the subject given by Comrade Wicks will want to hear the concluding one, which will deal with the present situation in China and its relation to the world political and economic situation.

Labor and Fraternal Organizations

Newark Sacco-Vanzetti Meeting Saturday.

The Newark Sacco-Vanzetti conference will hold a protest demonstration Saturday at 2 p. m. in the Military Park. The speakers will be Jack Stachel, Rebecca Grecht, Carlo Tresca, Louis F. Budenz, Charles Cline and others.

U. C. W. C. H. Banquet Saturday Evening.

The United Council of Working Class Housewives will hold a banquet Saturday evening at Little Hungary Hall, 263 East Houston St. Delegates will be present from New York and New Jersey. The speakers will include H. M. Wicks, Ben Gold, Juliet Stuart Poyntz and Sam Lipzin.

Worker Shocked Off of Car by Electric Wire

PORTCHESTER, N. Y., June 22.—August Wilson, 62 years old, of 44 Second street, New Haven, Conn., was taken to United Hospital here today after he had come in contact with an electric wire while he was working atop a freight car in the Harrison yards of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, where he is employed as a welder. When the wire touched his body he fell from the car. The electricity burned him severely, and his skull was fractured when he struck a concrete walk. Little hope was held for his recovery.

St. Alexander Trachtenberg will speak on "International Imperialism and Soviet Armenia. Keossecca will talk on "Why Every Armenian Worker Should Join the Workers Party."

ANYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY STUDIO OR OUTSIDE WORK Patronize Our Friend
SPIESS STUDIO
54 Second Ave., cor. 3rd St.
Special Rates for Labor Organizations (Established 1927.)

Cloak and Dressmakers Will Hold a Meeting at 1 P. M. This Afternoon

All unemployed dressmakers and cloakmakers are urged to attend the open forum, 1 p. m. today at Cooper Union. The meeting is called by the Joint Board to discuss the questions of reorganization, registration and other trade matters.

I. R. T. Workers Grow More Discontented

(Continued from Page One)

constantly beaten down and their conditions of labor are almost unbearable. At the same time the public has been used in the most shameful fashion; millions of men and women compelled to use the lines suffer from poor service and are jammed into stifling trains like sardines. The service has been cut to the minimum and the law is continually violated by scarcity of trains during the rush hours. The physical equipment is deteriorating so that it is far below the market price of the watered stock. Hence the public is incensed at conditions and will be solidly behind a strike.

Now is Time to Strike.

The leaders of the subway strike of a year ago as well as all experienced labor leaders declare that now is the opportune time to launch a drive for unionization of the lines and that a determined stand by the organizers of the Amalgamated and the officials of the A. F. of L. will mobilize the workers of the traction lines against the company and the fake union maintained by Messrs. Quackenbush, Hedley, Dahl & Co.

At the very moment when such action could be most successful the officials charged with defending the interests of the workers indulge in the most disgraceful crawling before the state labor department as well as before Undermyer whose interest in the traction investigation is limited to fighting the Dahl-Chadbourne control in behalf of the House of Morgan and the Rockefeller controlled National City Bank.

Organizers.

Even Undermyer, hard-boiled corporation lawyer and union fighter, was amazed at the servility of the labor fakers who appear more anxious to assure the traction magnates that they will not harm them, than they are to make a pretense of organizing workers. There are indications that those workers who have since the last strike joined the Amalgamated will demand the recall of the officials from New York.

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SAT., JULY 30, 1927

afternoon and evening
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Trade Union Educational League Sections
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SECRETARIES are urged to put this question on the next order of business of your organization. Tickets will bear the name of your organization. Every organization will have a separate section at the picnic.

SEND \$20.00 with the name of your organization, Secretary and address to:

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All conveniences; all sports; hiking; fishing; rowing; swimming; dancing; amusements.
FOR REGISTRATION AND INFORMATION: "Freiheit" Office 2 to 8 P. M., 125 Lexington Ave., Unity House, and Harlem Co-operative House, 1746 Lexington Avenue, New York City, N. Y. BUSES leave Co-operative House, 1746 Lexington Ave., cor. 111th St., Saturday at 1:30 and Fridays at 6:30 P. M.

Scott Nearing Talk On War Danger Jams Workers Party Meet

More than 1,000 workers crowded into Bryant Hall, Sixth Ave. near 42nd St., last night where Scott Nearing gave a lecture on the Menace of War.

"In 1914, when the world war started," said Nearing, "we were told that it was 'the war to end war' but ever since then we have seen conflicts. This will continue as long as capitalism exists."

"The causes of the world war are still with us, in fact even more intensified. In 1914 it was England against Germany. Today it is England against the United States. "The League of Nations was formed, according to its sponsors to end war. However, since it has been in existence the menace of war has risen. The reason is not difficult. It is dominated by three large military nations—England, France and Italy. "America did not enter the league because she has found that more money can be made by staying outside."

When the lecture ended a substantial collection was taken up for The DAILY WORKER and many of those present signed application blanks for membership in the Workers (Communist) Party. The lecture was arranged by Section 3 of the party. Juliet Stuart Poyntz presided.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The Pratt and Whitney Aircraft Company of Hartford, Conn., today was awarded a contract by the navy department for 30 "Wasp" nine-cylinder radial air-cooled engines of 410 horsepower. The cost is \$377,087.

The engines, similar to ones used in establishing five new world records recently, will be installed in planes for shipboard use.

General T. U. E. L. Meet Right After Work Will Be Held Tomorrow Eve.

A general meeting of the Trade Union Educational League, consisting of the workers of all trades, will be held tomorrow evening right after work at Webster Hall, 11th St. near Third Ave. All workers belonging to the T. U. E. L. must attend, as an important question will be taken up.

Preacher Made Wine by Fake Miracle and Got Drunk, Evidence Shows

ST. JOSEPH, Mich., June 22.—Rev. "King" Benjamin Purnell, chief of the House of David, "performed the miracle of turning water into wine," Henry Kirkham, a member of the colony, testified today in the state's suit to dissolve the cult.

The "miracle" was brought on cross-examination by chief defense counsel, W. J. Barnard, who sought to discount testimony of previous girl witnesses regarding alleged drinking bouts staged by Purnell. Kirkham said Purnell turned the water into wine in front of a crowd of men and women at the colony.

Boss Barbers Hold Meet To Decide Their Policy While Strike Continues

The barbers' strike in the upper west side in continuing with successful picketing.

The bosses held a conference yesterday at which they discussed what attitude they will take towards the union. No statement was issued by them.

The strikers held large meetings yesterday afternoon at Leslie Hall, Amsterdam Avenue Inn and other halls.

HELP WANTED

The DAILY WORKER office, 33 First Street, needs volunteers to help in circularization work. All comrades who have time are urged to report any time during the day.

? WHAT PART ? Will You Play ?

IN THE



Giant Carnival and Fair

JULY 23 & 24

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE DAILY WORKER

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Help the Plumbers' Helpers Build a Union!

GRAND PICNIC

Sunday, July 10th, from 10 A. M. to 12 P. M.
At PLEASANT BAY PARK
UNIONPORT, BRONX, N. Y.
Music by Plumbers' Helpers Jazz Band.

Sports and Games for Young and Old.—Added Attraction: Baseball Game Featuring Plumbers' Helpers Team.
Auspices: AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF PLUMBERS' HELPERS.

TICKETS, THIRTY-FIVE CENTS, For sale at Jimmie Higgins Book Shop, 106 University Place.

DIRECTIONS—West Side—Take Broadway Subway to 51st St., then 40th St. Crosstown Car to Unionport. East Side—Take Lexington Ave. Subway Train to 177th St., then 180th Crosstown Car to Unionport.

CONEY ISLAND STADIUM CONCERT

Fifth St. & Surf Ave. Coney Island, N. Y.

For the Benefit of the Striking Furriers
The Entire New York Symphony Orchestra
ERNO RAPPEE, Conductor

A World Famous Ballet and other attractions

SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 16

Auspices: JOINT DEFENSE AND RELIEF COMMITTEE
CLOAKMAKERS AND FURRIERS

TICKETS on sale at 108 E. 14th Street, Room 35.

The Machinists Journal is Lifeless

By V. Q.

That the Machinists' Monthly Journal is lifeless can be seen by even a hasty glance at any copy. Let us analyze the latest one, for June, 1927. Of the 84 pages of written matter 25 are given over to the Canadian 60th anniversary of the confederation (and only 4 pages of these to the story of Canadian Labor). The editor calls this the "Canadian Issue," and says that the "American workers pay a compliment to their Canadian brothers by joining in the Canadian jubilee celebration." Articles are printed on Celebration of the Jubilee, Sixty Years Development in Canadian Industry and Trade 1867-1927, Canada's Railways, The Story of Confederation, The Labor Movement in Canada, 1867-1927, Canada's Future Glory, The Canadian Rebellion of 1837, and Canada—Present and Future.

Very little of this deals with labor.

Little to Do With Labor.

The article on railways shows history, rate of growth and revenues, revealing that all Canadian railways earned in 1926 the largest amount ever earned, but not a word on comparison with wages. The article on the celebration of the jubilee has pictures of the worthless Prince of Wales, of King, the Premier of Canada, and one of Tom Moore, so-called representative of the Canadian workers. To show the wonderful development of Canada, figures are given on population, agriculture, fisheries and manufacturing. An attempt is made to show great increases in wages, but when one examines their figures as to wages, including salaries to officials, we get an average wage of less than \$1100 a year. Surely nothing to brag about.

No attempt is made to tell the condition of the farm worker or the tenant farmer. From the story on Confederation, we get a seeming justification for opposition to labor measures, as explained by "Labor's Canadian representative," J. A. Haydon, who secured the articles on Canada for this issue, as follows: "Labor has often sought changes to centralize authority on social and labor legislation, but legislators, especially in Ontario and Quebec, strenuously oppose such action largely upon the ground that it might militate against the rights guaranteed minorities in the past. No attempt to show that the employers use this argument to protect their selfish interests, just as in this country, textile mill owners wrap the flag of states right around them to fight the Child Labor Amendment. The story of Confederation, taken from Canadian year books, as the writer admits, is like the story of the American Constitution if taken from the school books, without analyzing the class forces, the fight of the debtor and creditor classes, etc."

Canada's Labor Story.

And what do we get in the four pages devoted to the story of labor? Mostly historical, dealing with the early organization of the Iron Molders and the Typographical Union, and praise of the Ontario Workmen's Compensation Act in 1915, and for a bill allowing the registration of union labels. The writer admits that "many judges have held that picketing of any kind is illegal in Canada" and says that this is "strange to relate." And to sum up the article, we find that Canadian Labor is seeking, (evidently as the reward for its support of the jubilee) amendments "that would curtail the veto power of the Senate and give parliament control over social and labor legislation." But not a word of the struggles of Canadian labor, not a word of the brave battles of the Nova Scotia miners against the British Empire Steel Corporation, of the government support of Besco with

SOME PENNSYLVANIA MINES TRY TO GO NON-UNION

Drawing by William Siegel in the New York Masses.



The Pittsburgh Coal, the Pittsburgh Terminal, and the Vesta Coal Company of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation have called in a whole army of Coal and Iron Police (company guards in state uniforms) and Pennsylvania Cossacks (state constabulary) to help them in their efforts to smash the union in Pennsylvania. Progressive miners call for mass picketing.

troops against the steel workers and coal miners.

The militant struggles of labor are omitted; tales of lobbying and lick-spitting are told. Surely nothing here to inspire workers to struggle in their own behalf. An interpretation is given that the employers would subscribe to 100 per cent. The story of Canada—present and future is written by a business agent of the I. A. of M., dealing with facts on resources, etc., but nothing on labor.

There are three editorials, the first dealing with Canada's birthday. The second laments the fact that only 25 per cent of the members took part in the Grand Lodge Elections, but instead of probing for causes of this discontent, it throws out the suggestion for the abolition of election by referendum, and the return to election by convention. Discussing the automobile organization campaign, Editor Hewitt throws cold water on the campaign. He says: "However, time alone will reveal whether it is possible to organize this industry, which during the past quarter of a century has become the leading industry of the country."

The reports of the vice-presidents are the usual insipid reports of travel, scenery, lodge entertainments, etc.

The Usual Employers' Dope.

Each month, an article is published in a series called "Railroading on the Rails and Off" by one who worked for the railways as a hired writer, dealing with good-fellowship, showing wonderful opportunities to rise, the same dope that comes in employers' welfare magazines for their employees. The correspondence concerns itself with insurance and helping workers get patents on inventions and help in manufacturing, but hardly anything about organization, nothing about fighting injunctions, amalgamation of the metal trades unions so as to protect themselves against the National Metal Trades Manufacturers' Association, or other issues of benefit to the organization.

THE BATTLE IN N. Y. NEEDLE TRADES

The Workers Go To Register

This sketch and three others which will follow in successive issues of THE DAILY WORKER were written by a worker who was an eye-witness to the scenes described. The incidents are absolutely true in every case. (Ed. Note.)

By I. JEROME.

In the shop of Geller Bros., fur manufacturers, on 7th Ave. 4 p. m. The boss goes up to the workers:

"Now people, you will all have to go and register with the new union."

The workers: "Nothing doing. Nobody is going to decide for us which union we'll belong to."

"Very well then, if you want your Communist union you can't work here."

And he turns off the power. The machines stop. The workers file down stairs.

At the entrance a reception committee awaits them. A strong delegation of cops and plainclothesmen of the Industrial Squad, brutal-faced, hands bristling with "loren-order."

The workers sense trouble. They try to walk past.

The police and squadmen let them pass. Then suddenly a group of furriers is sectioned off. A cordon is made around them. Another group and another group is surrounded.

And quickly the order is given:

"Walk along!"

There are tussles. Some of the workers break through the cordons. Cries of "Let me go!" "They want to take us to the scab union!"

Shrieking girls struggle with the squadmen. Police shove and drag workers to keep them within the ring.

"Move along, you god damned Bolshevik!" "I'll stretch you out if you don't move on!"

Crowds of workers gathering on the pavements shout: "Don't let them take you! Don't let them take you to the scab union!"

The police get rougher. "Move along, damn yer!" they growl and dig their clubs into the ribs of the ringed-in workers. "Move along. Move along."

And the ambuscade marches on.

The following day the capitalist and the socialist press reported with bold captions the news of the hundred workers of Geller Brothers who "deserted" the ranks of the Communist Joint Board and marched in demonstration to join the "bona-fide"

union.

(To Be Continued)

Professional Patriots

While there is no organized co-operation among professional patrioters they nevertheless usually respond in the same fashion and at the same time to any threat to their conceptions of "patriotism," whether the occasion is a movement to recognize the Soviet Union or to push the child labor amendment.

(Continued from yesterday)

Of its three columns, one lists organizations of such character as the General Federation of Women's Clubs, the Women's Christian Temperance Union, and the National League of Women Voters, and the other two list women who are active both in peace movements and women's clubs. By connecting them up with their organizations, and the organizations with the National Council for the Prevention of War—a clearing house for anti-militarist effort—Miss Maxwell of course proves direct contact with Moscow. The naive theory underlying that proof is that the object of the whole pacifist movement is to disarm the United States so the Bolsheviks can take it. And it is seriously believed by persons of the caliber of Miss Maxwell and her military superiors.

Miss Maxwell's attitude is best characterized by the verse written by her which appears at the bottom of the chart, entitled "Miss Bolshevik." It reads:

Miss Bolshevik has come to town,
With a Russian cap and a German gown,
In women's clubs she's sure to be found,
For she's come to disarm AMERICA.

She sits in judgment on Capitol Hill,
And watches the appropriation bill,
And without her O.K. it passes—NIL,
For she's there to disarm AMERICA.

She uses the movie and lyceum too,
And alters text-books to suit her view,
She preaches propaganda from pulpit and pew,
For she's bound to disarm AMERICA.

The male of the specie has a different plan,
He uses the bomb and the fire brand,
And incites class hatred wherever he can,
While she's busy disarming AMERICA.

His special stunt is arousing the mob,
To expropriate and hate and kill and rob,
While she's working on her political job,
AWAKE! AROUSE! AMERICA!!!

The publication of the chart at once aroused protests from the women's organizations, both for its perversion and misstatement of facts, and its deceptive purpose. Mrs. Maude Wood Park, chairman of the Women's Joint Congressional Committee, wrote Secretary of War John W. Weeks, and a committee of women called on him to demand the chart's withdrawal and its repudiation by the War Department. Mr. Weeks responded by doing both, writing to Mrs. Park as follows:

"With reference to the letter from your committee, dated April 2, complaining of the injustice done your organization by the circulation of a chart by a subordinate in the War Department, you are informed that all the charts complained of in the possession of the Chemical Warfare Service have been ordered destroyed. General Fries has been directed to inform all persons that there are errors in the chart and to request their destruction."

"I regret the charts containing the errors pointed out by your committee were circulated by any branch of the War Department."

Very sincerely,
(Signed) JOHN W. WEEKS.

Despite the Secretary of War's action the chart continued to be distributed, apparently through the agencies with which Miss Maxwell was co-operating and for whom she had prepared it. The chart had appeared in slightly modified form in the "Dearborn Independent," Henry Ford's weekly, for March 22, 1924, with an anonymous article signed "By an American Citizen," attacking the leading women's organizations of the country as defenders equally of pacifism and Bolshevism. Later in 1924 the New York "World" in a series of articles exposing the militaristic activities of General Fries, General Boney and others, told the whole story in detail. It is of no importance to go into it here, or to mention the other minor personalities involved.

(To Be Continued)

AN UNEMPLOYED NECKWEAR KNITTER'S STORY

By I. LAZAROVITZ (Worker Correspondent.)

Joe woke up at six in the morning. He felt tired. Yesterday he walked through half the city looking for a job but he couldn't get anything. He came home late and, without supper, went to bed. Lately he has begun to decrease his meals due to his lack of money.

Waking up Joe felt physically weak but he remembered about his debts and empty pockets and got up quickly. He got dressed and went out to buy a newspaper.

Joe is a knitter by trade. He has been in New York City only four months. Before he came to New York he worked in a shop where 200 workers were employed. The conditions of these workers were miserable. Family men made \$18 to \$20 a week. The dissatisfaction of the workers was growing. The possibilities of organizing these wage slaves were good.

Joe noticed all this and tried to lay the basis for an organization that would help those workers. But being young and inexperienced, not using the proper methods, Joe exposed himself. The boss found out Joe's intentions and fired Joe.

Since then Joe tried in different factories under different names in that other city but was unable to get any work at all. Without any means of existence, Joe tried for jobs every morning but with no results. He borrowed some money from his friends but later on he could get no more from them. His friends lost confidence in him. They accused him of being lazy, without energy.

How is it possible, his friends argued, not to find work for such a long time? Joe listened to their arguments, but being hurt because his own friends refused to understand him and didn't believe him, he never replied to their arguments. Joe remained alone "among old friends."

Finally Joe realized that he was blacklisted. Giving up hopes of finding a job in that city he decided to leave. Who knows, in a greater city there are more possibilities. Perhaps the people there are not as petty-minded.

Joe has been here in New York four months already, getting up every morning at six o'clock. He looks for anything possible but can get no work at all.

Today he must get a job. It can't be otherwise. He hasn't paid rent for the last two months and last night he received final notice.

An investigation of his pockets shows he has eight cents. He buys a newspaper and immediately begins to look on the Male Help Wanted page. Quickly Joe follows one after another and—yes, there is a job for him. Not wasting much time he rushes to the subway, pays a nickel and with one cent in his pocket and his heart still hoping, he takes the train to the place where the job is advertised.

Joe was the first one to get to the place, but before the foreman came there was a pretty big line waiting for the job. Finally the foreman came out. Afraid to lose this job chance, Joe was shaking.

"Who is the first one?" the foreman asked.

Joe steps out and follows the foreman into the office. The foreman begins to question. Where did you work? Why did you quit? How much did you get? etc. Joe replies quickly but for some reason or other the foreman is not satisfied with his answers and after a few more questions says:

"I'm sorry, I don't think you will be able to work here." And not waiting further he left the office to get the next applicant.

Joe was shocked. He realized what it meant for him. He wanted to run after the foreman asking, begging him, telling him he would work for half price. But the foreman is busy with another fellow.

Depressed, Joe leaves the office. Coming out on the street again, without knowing where he is going, he walks along with one cent in his pocket. He feels hungry. He is passing by a restaurant. Through the windows he sees people well dressed sitting at well served tables, giving orders to the waiters.

Joe stops for a minute, but unconsciously he touches the only cent lying in his pocket. It was a signal to move ahead.

People pass by. Everyone seems satisfied and smiling to the future. Nobody can notice the miserable one—Joe.

WITH THE Young WORKER The High Cost of Learning

By STUDE.

Like everything else owned by the capitalist class education is being marked up and a good technical or liberal education will be received only by the top strata of the bourgeoisie. The old dream of the ambitious shipping clerk to go to night school and enter one of the supposedly higher paid professions is being dissipated today. Modern conditions of education are showing to students and would-be students—who heretofore have refused to take part in the struggle of labor, thinking themselves on the road to deliverance from the class struggle—that their conditions and their situation are similar to the conditions and situations in which the working class finds itself.

This tendency has finally received expression in words uttered by none other than our famous dime dispenser, John D. Rockefeller, at the graduation exercises of one of the most aristocratic institutions on the Eastern coast, Brown University, held last week at Providence, R. I. Said the oily sage (quotation is from N. Y. Times): "... the colleges today must turn to a new policy of meeting expenses through high tuition fees..." Further on the New York Times correspondent reports John D. to have stated that the student is paying less than half the cost of his education; that "he urged that this 'philanthropic idea' be done away with;" that "those able to pay be called upon for the full cost, with (this last a hypocritical sop for public consumption and means nothing—Stude) scholarship funds and student loans reserved to assist those actually needing them."

That this situation is well-known to educators and pink-tea liberals and is considered dangerous, is testified by the statement made by Dean Jervey of the Columbia Law School to the graduates of Columbia. "Educational institutions, like every one else have felt the higher cost of living. Tuition fees have gone steadily up and the end is not yet. This is true generally throughout the educational world. It means that if we are not careful, educational advantages will be open to the rich rather than the worthy." As a remedy for this Dean Jervey suggested a system of scholarship aid, to be awarded to poor but "worthy" students. Scholarship aid, he claimed, was the only way to prevent the door of education being closed in the face of the man with brains and character but without means.

What is the educational situation today? The young worker finds it impossible to go to college and very often cannot go to high school. The petty trader's son, who attends college only at the cost of limitless sacrifices, sees that he cannot attend

college more than a bare three or four years, for above that the "special" courses are most expensive. If he does manage to get through a graduate school he will probably find himself in an overcrowded profession, where in order to get to the "top" he needs must get a few years of a European finishing-off process—a most expensive process.

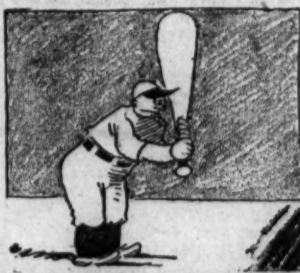
However, although it is obvious that in a society which is built on a theory of "Every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost" education must sooner or later become a club with which young men and women bludgeon a living out of society, and that capitalism controls the colleges as one of the means of propaganda for its own purposes and for the purpose of training a class of young lackeys for itself, nevertheless much can be done right now by the students and by the workers, farmers and small merchants, the children of whom cannot attain to a thorough education under present conditions.

In the first place students must organize themselves into great Student Associations and fight back vigorously any attempts to dilute the quality of the education, to make tuition rates prohibitive, and to propagandize the students. In the second place the purse strings for the colleges must be in the hands of capable educators appointed by a Labor Party administration—which means, in short, that what the colleges need right now is to be put into the hands of the state—which further means that the workers, farmers and small merchants of America must combine to form a Labor Party. However, as the writer has said above, the above measures do not mean the complete cure of the educational system. They are merely steps in the right direction, necessarily narrow because of the rigid confines of the capitalistic system, one which does not allow for the free development of real education.

And that's that as far as immediate demands are concerned. Let us not forget that these are but temporary and cannot cure the fundamental rottenness of the institution of learning, a rottenness which comes from the fact that education under a private property system of production—which means a private property system of society—teaches men to take out of society rather than to put into society. The basic cure, and one which all socially alert students and young workers should recognize, is the reconstruction of society along co-operative lines, where education teaches men to work together in the building and beautifying of society and where learning, the treasure of the ages, is the possession of the many rather than the privileged, unappreciative few.

SPORT Labor Baseball Scores Broadcast Over Radio

The only labor radio station in the country, WCFL, "The Voice of Labor" is giving labor sports a boost by broadcasting the scores of the various union teams that are playing in the leagues sponsored by the local labor movement. In this way considerable interest has been developed



in the trade union sports activities, and large crowds are turning out to see the games played. In addition to broadcasting the scores of the games, thru its radio station, the Chicago Federation of Labor is conducting a sports column in its organ, The Federation News, in which it gives the news of trade union sports activities.

Chicago Street Car Men's and Post-Office Leagues Going Strong.

The two largest union baseball leagues in the city of Chicago are the Street Car Men's League and the Post Office League. These two leagues have more than 40 teams playing their schedules. In the Street Car Men's League the Lincoln Station team is leading with a record of six games won and none lost. In the Postoffice League, the Van Buren station is leading having copped six straight games.

Entries Pouring In For Labor Sports Meet In Waukegan. If advance indications mean any-

thing, the Labor Sports Union National Track and Field, to be held in Electric Park, Waukegan, Ill. on July 30th and 31st, will be a big success. Entries from all over the country are pouring in, and hundreds of participants are expected. Athletes are coming from the east, west, and from the coast, to take part in the meet. Posters and buttons advertising the affair have been sent throughout the country. Thousands of visitors are expected in Waukegan to see the meet.

Winchendon, Mass., Y. W. L. Training School Opens

July 5th, 1927.

The Winchendon, Mass., Y. W. L. Summer Training School, which was established last year, with quite a number of successes will reopen this summer again with expected students from Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Maine, Rhode Island, Vermont, New York, Connecticut, and Maryland. A total of 80 students are expected.

The course will be on the theory and practice of the movement, the particular tasks among the workers in the United States.

Comrades Zam, Harrison, Kay Kangus are among the instructors. Comrade Zam will guide the work of the entire school, as far as the educational part is concerned, Comrade Kangus will take care of the sports and lighter features.

Comrade William Janphonan is the business manager of the school. It is expected that besides a thorough training, which will be given every day for 4 hours except Saturday and Sundays, the students will have their recreation periods.

The school will be managed by a Students Council elected at the meeting of the Students Body in cooperation with the instructors and the Administrative Committee.

We hope that as a result of the school the District will improve the league work further, and develop a powerful league.—School Committee Secretary, Nat Kay.